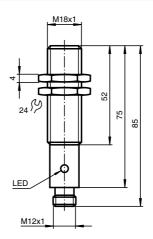
Single head system

Dimensions



UB500-18GM75-E4-V15



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Features

- · Switch output
- 5 different output functions can be set
- TEACH-IN input
- Synchronisation options
- Deactivation option
- Temperature compensation

Technical data

General specifications

Sensing range 50 ... 500 mm Standard target plate 100 mm x 100 mm Unusable area 0 ... 50 mm approx. 380 kHz Transducer frequency approx. 50 ms Response delay Standard conformity

Indicating/Operating means

LED yellow LED red

Electrical specifications

Rated operational voltage Ue No-load supply current I₀

Rated operational current Ie

Input/Output

Synchronisation

Output Output type

Input

Voltage drop

Switching frequency

Temperature influence

Range hysteresis

Repeat accuracy

EN 60947-5-2

"Error", object uncertain in teach-in function: No object detected

indication of the switching state flashing: teach-in function object detected

10 ... 30 V DC, ripple 10 %SS

≤ 50 mA

1 synchro input

0-level: $-U_B...+1V$; 1-level: $+4V...+U_B$ input impedance: >12 Ω

synchronisation pulse: \geq 100 μs synchronisation pulse interval: ≥ 2 ms

1 switch output E4, npn NO/NC

200 mA, short circuit/overload protected ≤ 3 V

max. 10 Hz

 \leq 1 % of the set operating distance

≤ 1 % ≤ 3 %

1 teach-in input,

operating range 1: -U_B ... + 1 V operating range 2: +4 V ... +UB

input impedance: >4,7 k Ω ; teach-in pulse: \geq 1 s

≤ 100 / n Hz. n = number of sensors Ambient conditions

 U_d

Storage temperature

Protection degree

Connection type Material

Housing

Mass

Transducer

60 g

Electrical connection

Standard symbol/Connections: (version E4, npn)



Synchronisation frequency Common mode operation

Multiplex operation

-25 ... +70 °C (248 ... 343 K) Ambient temperature -40 ... +85 °C (233 ... 358 K)

Mechanical specifications IP65 according to EN 60529 connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin

brass, nickel plated

epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover

Model number

UB500-18GM75-E4-V15

Function

Synchronisation

The sensor features a synchronisation input for the suppression of mutual interference. If this input is not used, the sensor will operate using an internally generated clock rate. The synchronisation of multiple sensors can be realised as follows:

External synchronisation:

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square wave voltage. >A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input starts a measuring cycle. The pulse must have a duration greater than 100 μ s. The measuring cycle starts with the falling edge of a synchronisation pulse. Two operating modes are available:

- Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors are synchronised.
- The synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to individual sensors. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

Internal synchronisation:

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors capable of internal synchronisation are connected to one another. When power is applied, these sensors will operate in multiplex mode.

The state of the switch output will not change until the switching threshold has been exceeded five times as an average of the five measurements is determined internally. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input will result in the normal operation of the sensor.

Synchronisation cannot be performed during TEACH-IN and vice versa. The sensors must be operated in an unsynchronised manner to teach the switching point.

A high level at the synchronisation input disables the sensor.

Setting the switching points

The ultrasonic sensor features a switch output with two teachable evaluation limits. These are set by applying the supply voltage -UB or +UB to the TEACH-IN input. The supply voltage must be applied to the TEACH-IN input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognised the target during the TEACH-IN procedure. Evaluation limit A1 is taught with - UB, A2 with + UB.

Five different output functions can be set:

- 1. Window mode, close function
- 2. Window mode, open function
- 3. One switching point, close function
- 4. One switching point, open function
- 5. Detection of object presence

Teach window mode, close function:

- Set target to near switching point
- Teach switching point A1 with -UB
- Set target to far switching point
- Teach switching point A2 with +UB

Teach window mode, open function:

- Set target to near switching point
- Teach switching point A2 with +UB
- Set target to far switching point
- Teach switching point A1 with -UB

Teach one switching point, close function:

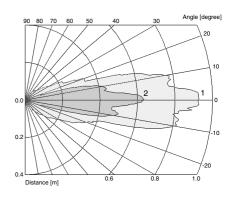
- Set target to near switching point
- Teach switching point A2 with +UB
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- Teach switching point A1 with -UB

Teach one switching point, normally-closed function:

Set target to near switching point

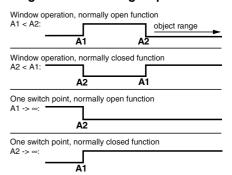
Characteristic curves/ Additional information

Characteristic response curve



Curve 1: flat surface 100 mm x 100 mm Curve 2: round bar. Ø 25 mm

Programmed switching output function



A1 -> ∞ , A2 -> ∞ : Detection of presence of object Object detected: Switch output closed No object detected: Switch output open

- Teach switching point A1 with -UB
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- Teach switching point A2 with +UB

Teach detection of object presence

- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- Teach switching point A1 with -UB
- Teach switching point A2 with +UB
- Default setting of switching points:
- A1: switching point 1, A2: switching point 2

Displays in dependence on operating mode	Red LED	Yellow LED
Teach switch point:		
Object detected	Off	Flashing
No object detected	Flashing	Off
Object uncertain (TEACH-IN invalid)	On	Off
Normal operation	Off	Switching
		state
Fault	On	Previous
		state