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Intelligent Power Module (IPM)

Inverter, 1200 V, 25 A

NFA32512L72

General Description

NFA32512L72 is an advanced IPM module providing a fully-featured, high-performance inverter output stage for AC Induction, BLDC and PMSM motors. These modules integrate optimized gate drive of the built-in IGBTs to minimize EMI and losses, while also providing multiple on-module protection features including under-voltage lockouts, over-current shutdown, thermal monitoring of drive IC, and fault reporting. The built-in, high-speed HVIC requires only a single supply voltage and translates the incoming logic-level gate inputs to the high-voltage, high-current drive signals required to properly drive the module's internal IGBTs. Separate negative IGBT terminals are available for each phase to support the widest variety of control algorithms.

Features

- 1200 V/25 A 3-phase FS7 IGBT Inverter with Integral Gate Drivers and Protections
- Built-in Under-Voltage Protection (UVP)
- Separated Open-Emitter Pins from Low-Side IGBTs for Three-Phase Current Sensing
- LVIC Temperature-Sensing Built-In for Temperature Monitoring
- Isolation Rating: 2500 Vrms / 1 min.
- This Device is Pb-Free and is RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

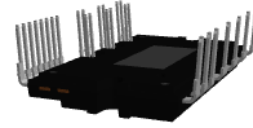
- Industrial Drives
- Industrial Pumps
- Industrial Fans
- Industrial Automation

Integrated Power Functions

- 1200 V – 25 A IGBT inverter for three-phase DC / AC power conversion (Please refer to Figure 1)

Integrated Drive, Protection and System Control Functions

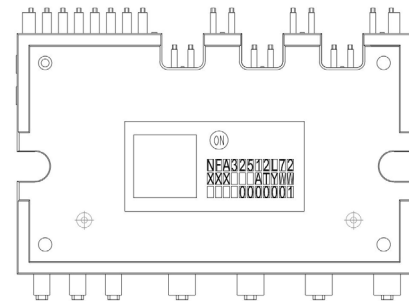
- For Inverter High-side IGBTs: gate drive circuit, high-voltage isolated high-speed level shifting control circuit Under-Voltage Lock-Out Protection (UVLO)
- For Inverter Low-side IGBTs: gate drive circuit, Over Current Protection (OCP) control supply circuit Under-Voltage Lock-Out Protection (UVLO)
- Fault Signaling: corresponding to UVLO (low-side supply) and over current faults
- Input Interface: active-HIGH interface, works with 3.3 / 5 V logic, Schmitt-trigger input



3D Package Drawing
(Click to Active 3D Content)

SPMCA-027 / PDD STD, SPM27-CA, DBC TYPE
CASE MODFJ

MARKING DIAGRAM



NFA32512L72 = Specific Device Code
XXX = Last 3 Digits of Lot No
AT = Assembly & Test Site
YWW = Year and Work Week Code
0000001 = Serial Number

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
NFA32512L72	SPM27-CA	10 Units / Tube

NFA32512L72

PACKAGE MARKING AND ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Device Marking	Package	Packing Type	Quantity
NFA32512L72	NFA32512L72	SPM27-SB	Tube	10

PIN CONFIGURATION

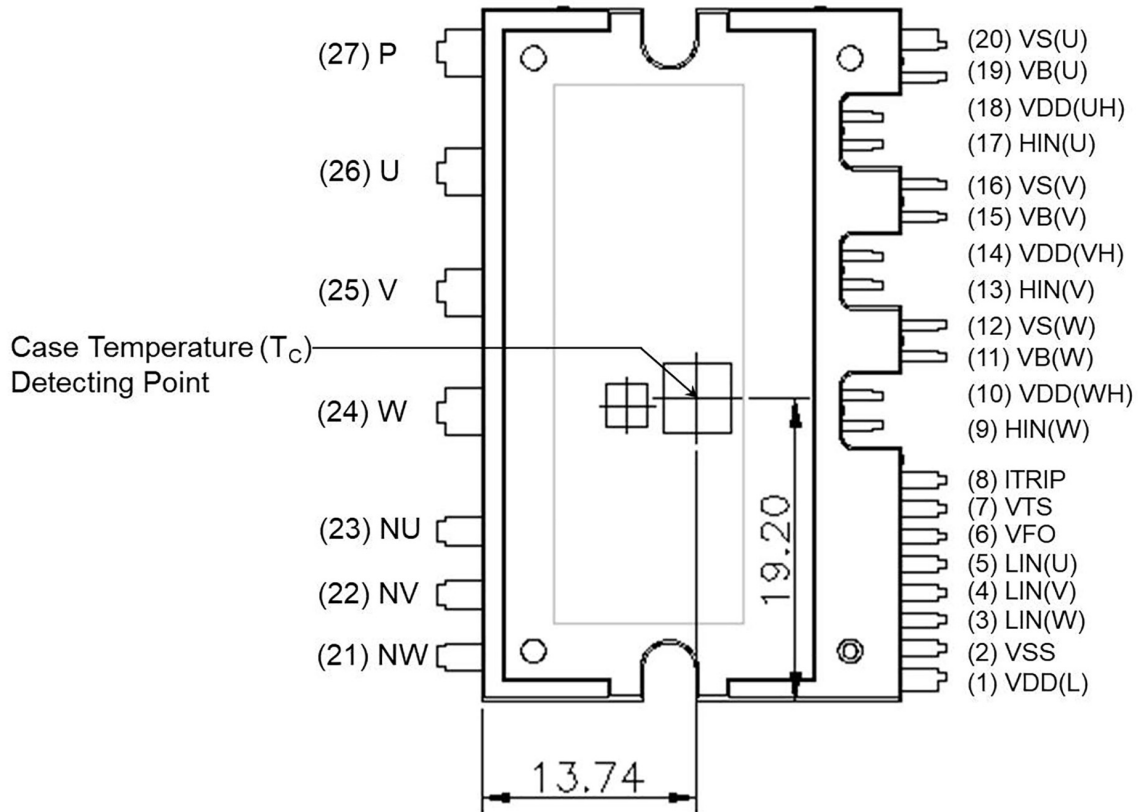


Figure 1. Pin Configuration

NFA32512L72

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VDD(L)	Low-Side Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving
2	VSS	Low-Side Common Supply Ground
3	LIN(W)	Signal Input for Low-Side W-Phase
4	LIN(V)	Signal Input for Low-Side V-Phase
5	LIN(U)	Signal Input for Low-Side U-Phase
6	VFO	Fault Output
7	VTs	Output for LVIC Temperature Sensing Voltage Output
8	ITRIP	Input for Over Current Protection
9	HIN(W)	Signal Input for High-Side W-Phase
10	VDD(WH)	High-Side Bias Voltage for W-Phase IC
11	VB(W)	High-Side Bias Voltage for W-Phase IGBT Driving
12	VS(W)	High-Side Bias Voltage Ground for W-Phase IGBT Driving
13	HIN(V)	Signal Input for High-Side V-Phase
14	VDD(VH)	High-Side Bias Voltage for V-Phase IC
15	VB(V)	High-Side Bias Voltage for V-Phase IGBT Driving
16	VS(V)	High-Side Bias Voltage Ground for V-Phase IGBT Driving
17	HIN(U)	Signal Input for High-Side U-Phase
18	VDD(UH)	High-Side Bias Voltage for U-Phase IC
19	VB(U)	High-Side Bias Voltage for U-Phase IGBT Driving
20	VS(U)	High-Side Bias Voltage Ground for U-Phase IGBT Driving
21	NW	Negative DC-Link Input for W-Phase
22	NV	Negative DC-Link Input for V-Phase
23	NU	Negative DC-Link Input for U-Phase
24	W	Output for W-Phase
25	V	Output for V-Phase
26	U	Output for U-Phase
27	P	Positive DC-Link Input

NFA32512L72

INTERNAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT AND INPUT/OUTPUT PINS

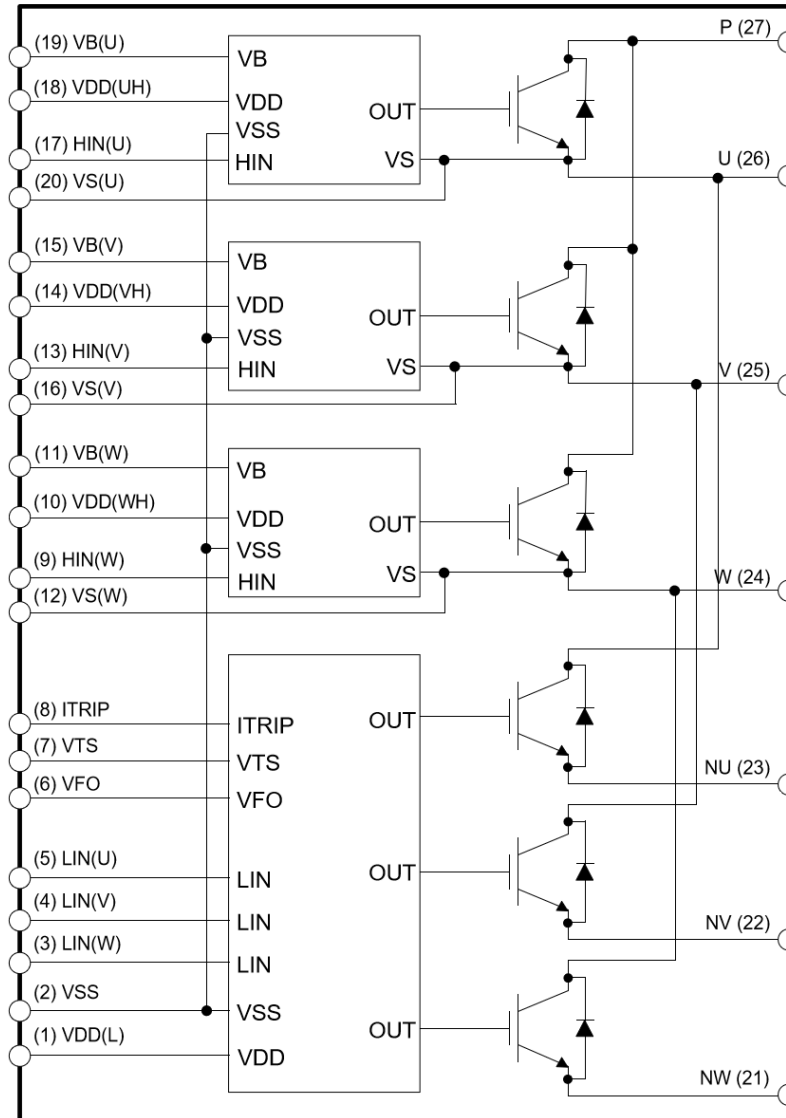


Figure 2. Internal Block Diagram

NOTES:

1. Inverter low-side is composed of three IGBTs, freewheeling diodes for each IGBT, and one control IC. It has gate drive and protection functions.
2. Inverter power side is composed of four inverter DC-link input terminals and three inverter output terminals.
3. Inverter high-side is composed of three IGBTs, freewheeling diodes, and three drive ICs for each IGBT.

NFA32512L72

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_j = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Rating	Unit
INVERTER PART				
VPN	Supply Voltage	Applied between P – NU, NV, NW	900	V
VPN (surge)	Supply Voltage (Surge)	Applied between P – NU, NV, NW	1000	V
V _{ces}	Collector–Emitter Voltage	(Note 4)	1200	V
±I _c	Each IGBT Collector Current	T _c = 25°C, T _j ≤ 150°C (Note 5)	25	A
±I _{cp}	Each IGBT Collector Current (Peak)	T _c = 25°C, T _j ≤ 150°C, under 1ms Pulse Width (Note 5)	50	A
P _c	Collector Dissipation	T _c = 25°C per One Chip (Note 5)	100	W
T _j	Operating Junction Temperature		–40 ~ 150	°C

CONTROL PART

VDD	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between VDD(H), VDD(L) – VSS	20	V
VBS	High–Side Control Bias Voltage	Applied between VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V), VB(W) – VS(W)	20	V
VIN	Input Signal Voltage	Applied between HIN(U), HIN(V), HIN(W), LIN(U), LIN(V), LIN(W) – VSS	–0.3 ~ VDD + 0.3	V
VFO	Fault Output Supply Voltage	Applied between VFO – VSS	–0.3 ~ VDD + 0.3	V
IFO	Fault Output Current	Sink Current at VFO pin	2	mA
VITRIP	Current Sensing Input Voltage	Applied between ITRIP – VSS	–0.3 ~ VDD + 0.3	V

TOTAL SYSTEM

VPN (PROT)	Self–Protection Supply Voltage Limit (Over Current Protection Capability)	VDD = VBS = 13.5 ~ 16.5 V, T _j = 150°C, Non–repetitive, < 2 μs	800	V
T _c	Case Operation Temperature	See Figure 1	–40 ~ 125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature		–40 ~ 125	°C
V _{iso}	Isolation Voltage	60 Hz, Sinusoidal, AC 1 minute, Connection Pins to Heat Sink Plate	2500	V _{rms}

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

4. This is not for continuous DC voltage. Recommend to use max 960 V (80% of rated voltage) for continuous DC voltage.

5. These values had been made by the calculation considered to design factor.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R _{th(j–c)Q}	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance	Inverter IGBT part (per 1/6 module)	–	–	1.25	°C/W
R _{th(j–c)F}		Inverter FWDi part (per 1/6 module)	–	–	1.75	°C/W
L _σ	Package Stray Inductance	P to NU, NV, NW (Note 6)	–	24	–	nH

6. Stray inductance per phase measured per IEC 60747–15.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INVERTER PART						
VCE(sat)	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	VDD = VBS = 15 V, VIN = 5 V, Ic = 20 A, Tj = 25°C	–	1.5	1.9	V
		VDD = VBS = 15 V, VIN = 5V, Ic = 20 A, Tj = 150°C	–	1.75	–	
VF	FWDi Forward Voltage	VIN = 0 V, IF = 20 A, Tj = 25°C	–	1.7	2.1	V
		VIN = 0 V, IF = 20 A, Tj = 150°C	–	1.65	–	
HS	ton	VPN = 600 V, VDD = 15 V, Ic = 20 A, Tj = 25°C VIN = 0 V ↔ 5 V, Inductive Load See Figure 3 (Note 7)	0.90	1.05	1.20	μs
	tc(on)		–	0.12	0.30	
	toff		–	1.15	1.25	
	tc(off)		–	0.25	0.35	
	trr		–	0.20	–	
LS	ton	VPN = 600 V, VDD = 15 V, Ic = 20 A, Tj = 25°C VIN = 0 V ↔ 5 V, Inductive Load See Figure 3 (Note 7)	0.60	0.75	0.95	μs
	tc(on)		–	0.18	0.30	
	toff		–	1.07	1.17	
	tc(off)		–	0.25	0.35	
	trr		–	0.20	–	
Ices	Collector – Emitter Leakage Current	Tj = 25°C, VCE = VCES	–	–	1	mA

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} include the propagation delay time of the internal drive IC. $t_{C(ON)}$ and $t_{C(OFF)}$ are the switching time of IGBT itself under the given gate driving condition internally. For the detailed information, please see Figure 3.

SWITCHING TIME DEFINITION

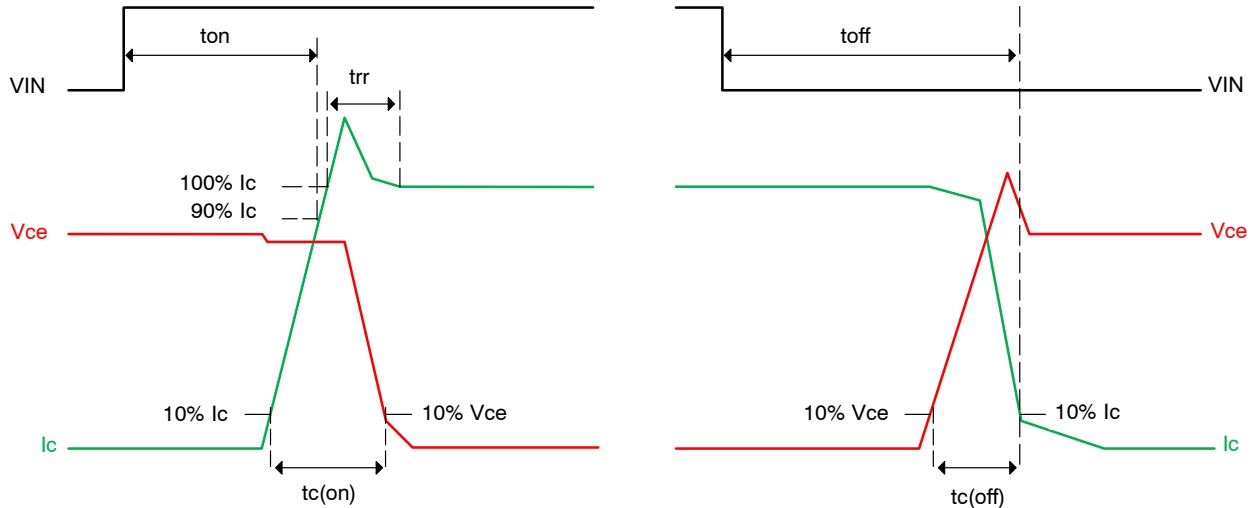


Figure 3. Switching Time Definition

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_j = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
CONTROL PART						
IQDDH	Quiescent VDD Supply Current	VDD(H) = 15 V, HIN(U,V,W) = 0 V	VDD(H) – VSS	–	–	0.15 mA
IQDDL		VDD(L) = 15 V, LIN(U,V,W) = 0 V	VDD(L) – VSS	–	–	5.00 mA
IPDDH	Operating VDD Supply Current	VDD(H) = 15 V, fPWM = 20 kHz, duty = 50%, applied to one PWM signal input for High-Side	VDD(H) – VSS	–	–	0.30 mA
IPDDL		VDD(L) = 15 V, fPWM = 20 kHz, duty = 50%, applied to one PWM signal input for Low-Side	VDD(L) – VSS	–	–	6 mA
IQBS	Quiescent VBS Supply Current	VBS = 15 V, HIN(U,V,W) = 0 V	VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V), VB(W) – VS(W)	–	–	0.30 mA
IPBS	Operating VBS Supply Current	VDD = VBS = 15 V, fPWM = 20 kHz, duty = 50%, applied to one PWM signal input for High-Side	VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V), VB(W) – VS(W)	–	–	2.50 mA
VFOH	Fault Output Voltage	VDD = 15 V, VITRIP = 0 V, 4.7 kΩ Pull-up to 5 V	4.5	–	–	V
VFOL		VDD = 15 V, VITRIP = 1 V, 4.7 kΩ Pull-up to 5 V	–	–	0.5	V
VITRIP	Over Current Trip Level	VDD = 15 V (Note 8)	ITRIP – VSS	0.45	0.50	0.55 V
UVDDD	Supply Circuit Under-Voltage Protection	Detection Level	10.3	–	12.8	V
UVDDR		Reset Level	10.8	–	13.3	V
UVBSD		Detection Level	9.5	–	12.0	V
UVBSR		Reset Level	10.0	–	12.5	V
tFOD	Fault-Out Pulse Width		50	–	–	μs
VTS	LVIC Temperature Sensing Voltage Output	VDD(L) = 15 V, TLVIC = 25°C (Note 9) See Figure 4	0.88	0.98	1.08	V
VIN(ON)	ON Threshold Voltage	Applied between HIN(U,V,W) – VSS, LIN(U,V,W) – VSS	–	–	2.6	V
VIN(OFF)	OFF Threshold Voltage		0.8	–	–	V

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

8. Over current protection is functioning only at the low-sides.

9. T_{LVIC} is the temperature of LVIC itself. V_{TS} is only for sensing temperature of LVIC and can not shutdown IGBTs automatically.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Min	Max	Unit
VPN	Supply Voltage	Applied between P – NU, NV, NW	–	600	800	V
VDD	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between VDD(H) – VSS, VDD(L) – VSS	13.5	15.0	16.5	V
VBS	High-Side Bias Voltage	Applied between VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V), VB(W) – VS(W)	13.0	15.0	18.5	V
dVDD / dt, dVBS / dt	Control Supply Variation		–1	–	1	V/ μ s
Tdead	Blanking Time for Preventing Arm – Short	For Each Input Signal	1.5	–	–	μ s
fPWM	PWM Input Signal	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_c \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	–	20	kHz
VSEN	Voltage for Current Sensing	Applied between NU, NV, NW – VSS (Including Surge Voltage)	–5	–	5	V
PWIN(ON)	Minimum Input Pulse Width	VDD = VBS = 15 V, $I_c \leq 50$ A, Wiring Inductance between NU, V, W and DC Link N < 10 nH (Note 10)	1.5	–	–	μ s
PWIN(OFF)			2.0	–	–	μ s
Tj	Junction Temperature		–40	–	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

10. This product might not make response if input pulse width is less than the recommended value.

TEMPERATURE PROFILE OF VTS (TYPICAL)

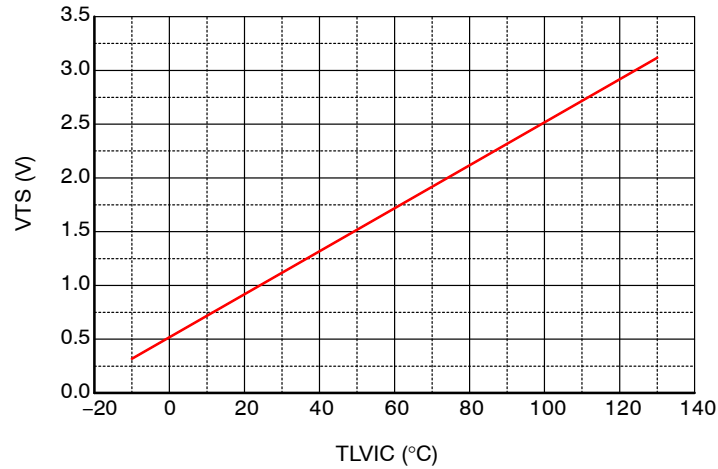


Figure 4. Temperature Profile of VTS (Typical)

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RATINGS

Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Device Flatness	See Figure 5		0	–	+150	μm
Mounting Torque	Mounting Screw: M3 See Figure 6	Recommended 0.7 N • m	0.6	0.7	0.8	N • m
		Recommended 7.1 kg N • m	6.2	7.1	8.1	kg • cm
Terminal Pulling Strength	Load 19.6 N		10	–	–	s
Terminal Bending Strength	Load 9.8 N, 90 deg. bend		2	–	–	times
Weight			–	15	–	g

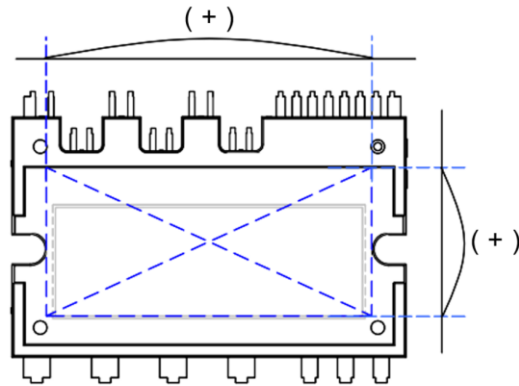


Figure 5. Flatness Measurement Position

MOUNTING SCREW TORQUE ORDER

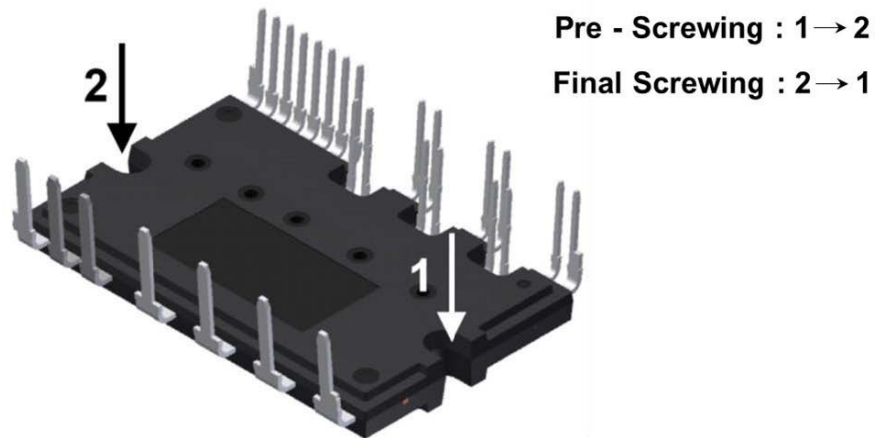


Figure 6. Mounting Screws Torque Order

TIME CHARTS OF PROTECTIVE FUNCTION

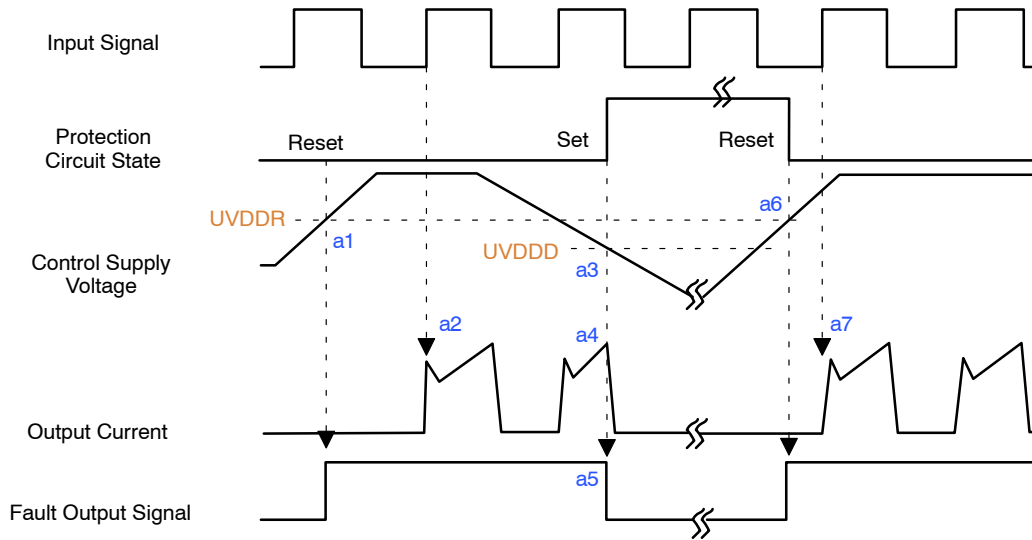


Figure 7. Under-Voltage Protection (Low-Side)

- a1: Control supply voltage rises: After the voltage rises UVDDR, the circuits start to operate when next input is applied.
- a2: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.
- a3: Under voltage detection (UVDDD).
- a4: IGBT OFF in spite of control input condition.
- a5: Fault output operation starts with a fixed pulse width.
- a6: Under voltage reset (UVDDR).
- a7: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current by triggering next signal from LOW to HIGH.

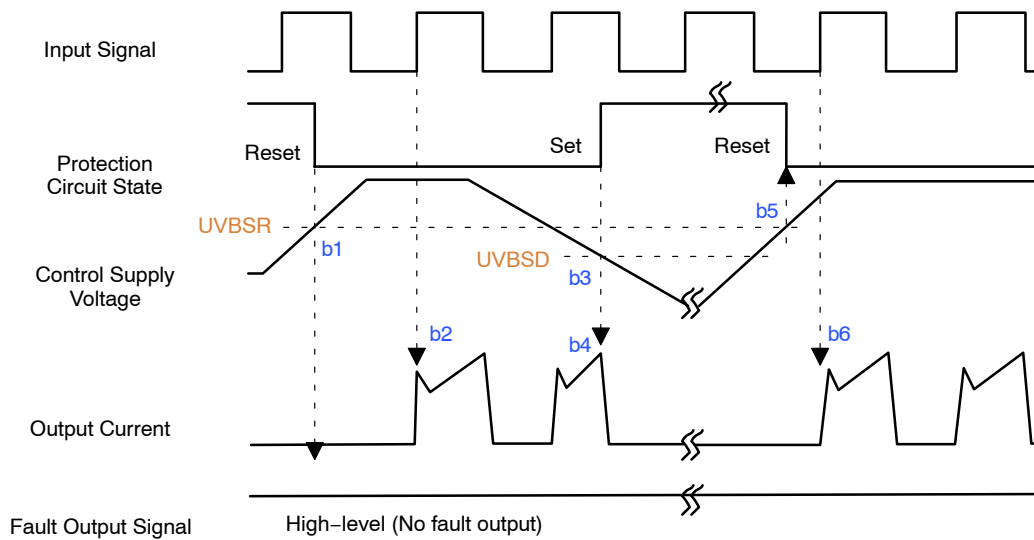


Figure 8. Under-Voltage Protection (High-Side)

- b1: Control supply voltage rises: After the voltage reaches UVBSR, the circuits start to operate when next input is applied.
- b2: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.
- b3: Under voltage detection (UVBSD).
- b4: IGBT OFF in spite of control input condition, but there is no fault output signal.
- b5: Under voltage reset (UVBSR).
- b6: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current by triggering next signal from LOW to HIGH.

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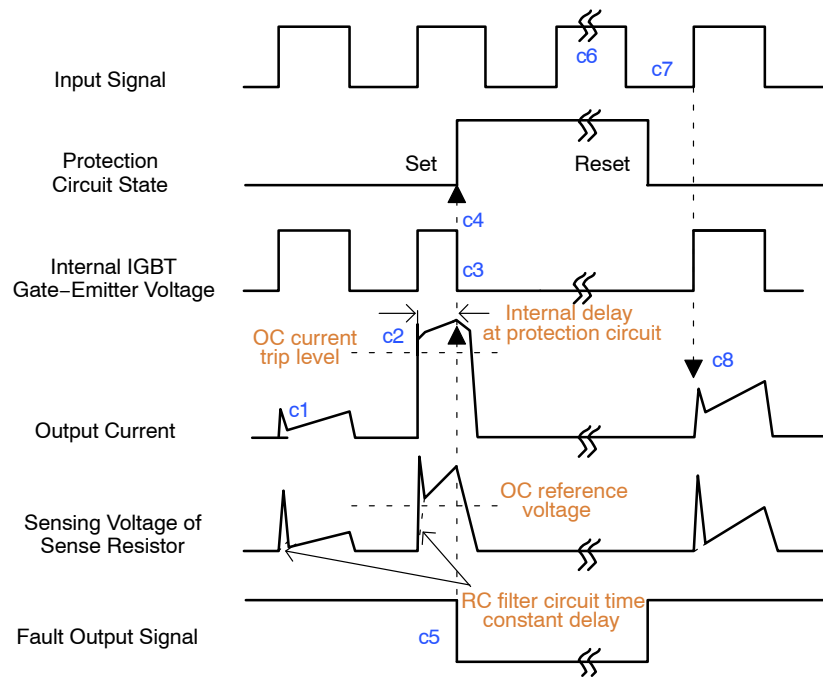


Figure 9. Over Current Protection (Low –Side Operation Only)

(with the external sense resistance and RC filter connection)

c1: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.

c2: Over current detection (OC trigger).

c3: All low-side IGBT gate are hard interrupted.

c4: All low-side IGBTs turn OFF.

c5: Fault output operation starts with a fixed pulse width.

c6: Input HIGH: IGBT ON state, but during the active period of fault output the IGBT doesn't turn ON.

c7: Fault output operation finishes, but IGBT doesn't turn on until triggering next signal from LOW to HIGH.

c8: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

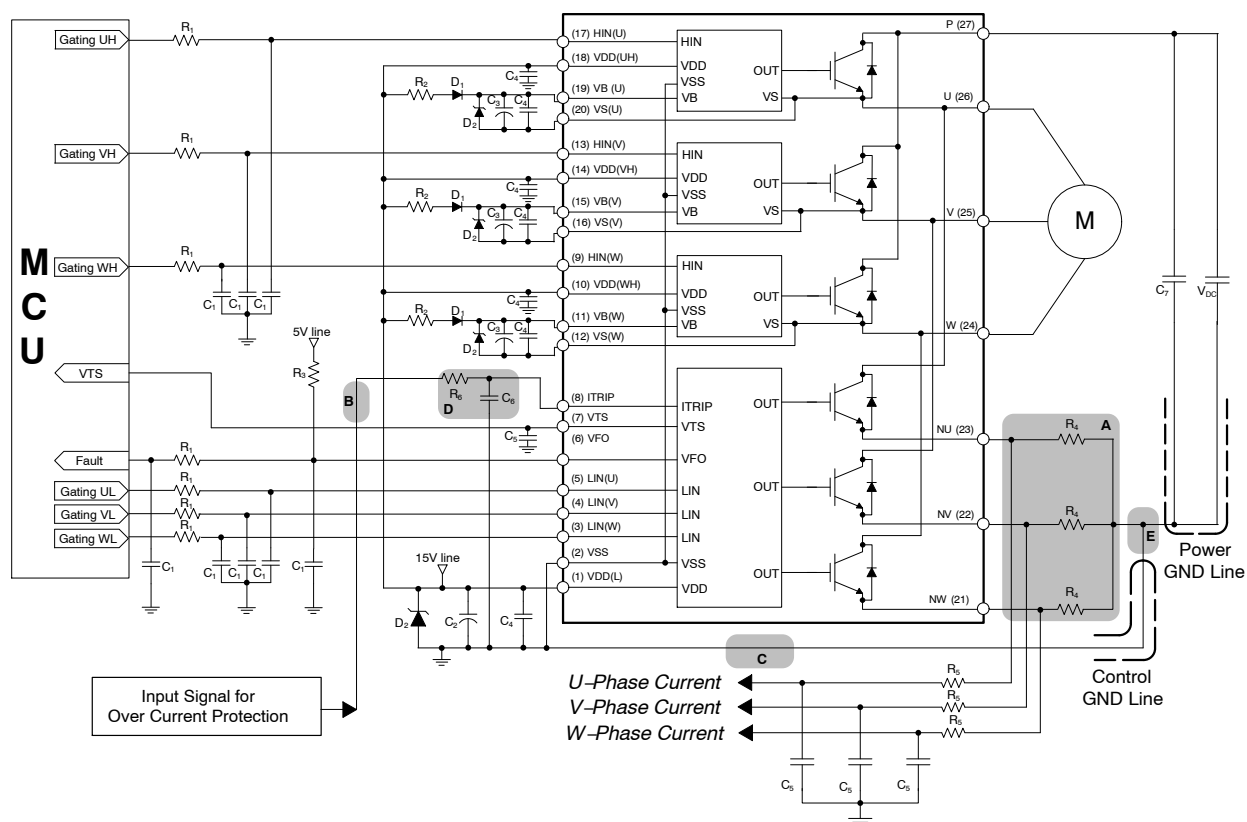


Figure 10. Typical Application Circuit

NOTES:

11. To avoid malfunction, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible. (less than 2 ~ 3 cm)
12. V_{FO} output is open-drain type. This signal line should be pulled up to the positive side of the MCU or control power supply with a resistor that makes I_{FO} up to 2 mA.
13. Input signal is active-HIGH type. There is a 5 k Ω resistor inside the IC to pull-down each input signal line to GND. RC coupling circuits should be adopted for the prevention of input signal oscillation. R_1C_1 time constant should be selected in the range 50 ~ 150 ns. (Recommended $R_1 = 100 \Omega$, $C_1 = 1 \text{ nF}$)
14. Each wiring pattern inductance of A point should be minimized (Recommend less than 10 nH). Use the shunt resistor R_4 of surface mounted (SMD) type to reduce wiring inductance. To prevent malfunction, wiring of point E should be connected to the terminal of the shunt resistor R_4 as close as possible.
15. To prevent errors of the protection function, the wiring of B, C, and D point should be as short as possible.
16. In the over current protection circuit, please select the R_6C_6 time constant in the range 1.5 ~ 2 μs . Do enough evaluation on the real system because over current protection time may vary wiring pattern layout and value of the R_6C_6 time constant.
17. Each capacitor should be mounted as close to the pins of the product as possible.
18. To prevent surge destruction, the wiring between the snubber capacitor C_7 and the P & GND pins should be as short as possible. The use of a high-frequency non-inductive capacitor of around 0.1 ~ 0.22 μF between the P & GND pins is recommended.
19. Relays are used at almost every systems of electrical equipment at industrial application. In these cases, there should be sufficient distance between the CPU and the relays.
20. The zener diode or transient voltage suppressor should be adopted for the protection of ICs from the surge destruction between each pair of control supply terminals (Recommended zener diode is 22 V / 1 W, which has the lower zener impedance characteristic than about 15 Ω).
21. C_2 of around 7 times larger than bootstrap capacitor C_3 is recommended.
22. Please choose the electrolytic capacitor with good temperature characteristic in C_3 . Also, choose 0.1 ~ 0.2 μF R-category ceramic capacitors with good temperature and frequency characteristics in C_4 .

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

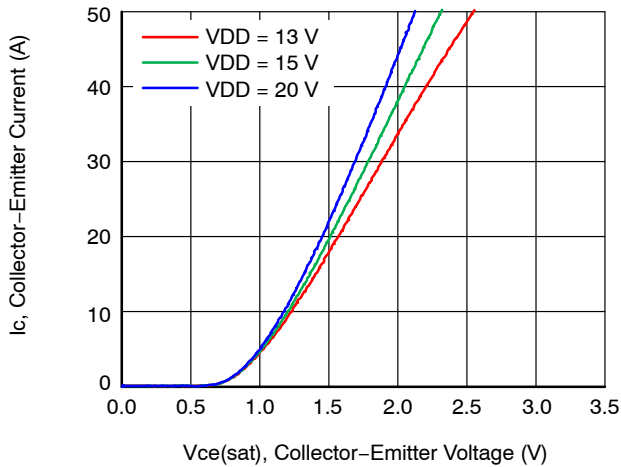


Figure 11. Typ. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

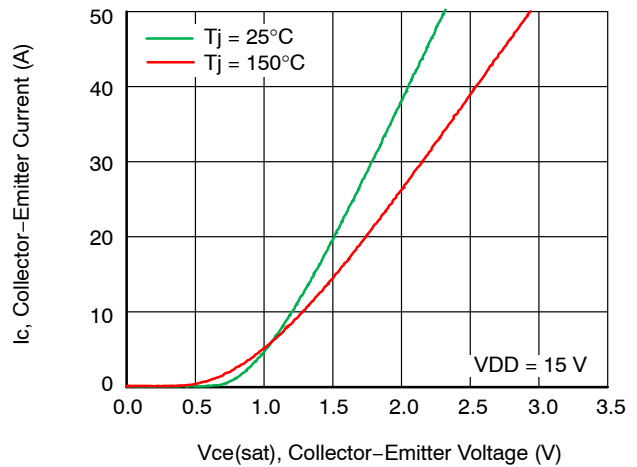


Figure 12. Typ. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

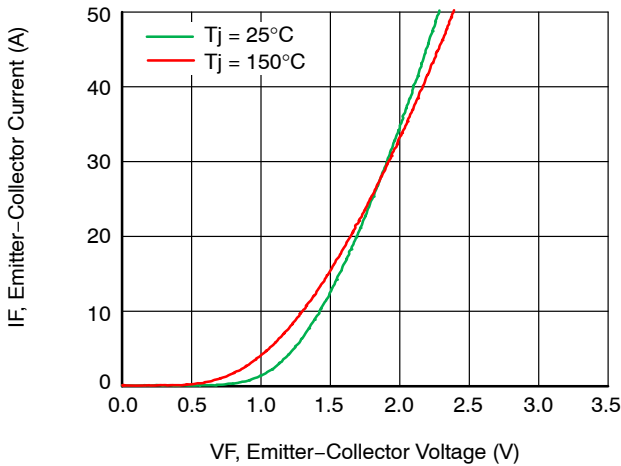


Figure 13. Typ. Emitter-Collector Forward Voltage

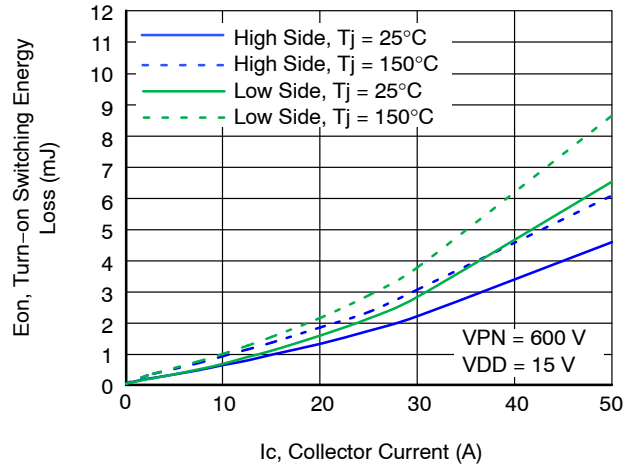


Figure 14. Typ. Turn-on Switching Energy Loss

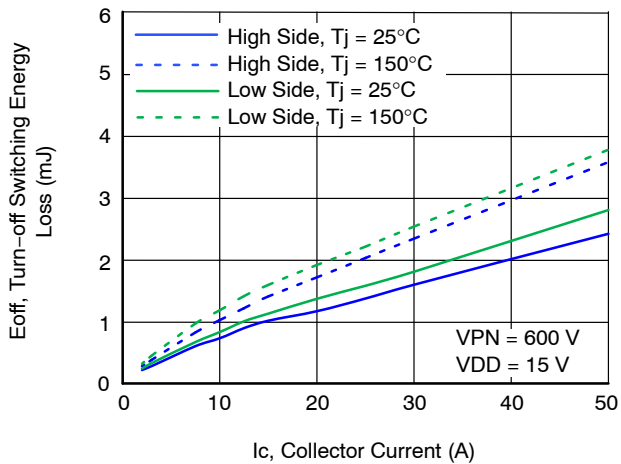


Figure 15. Typ. Turn-off Switching Energy Loss

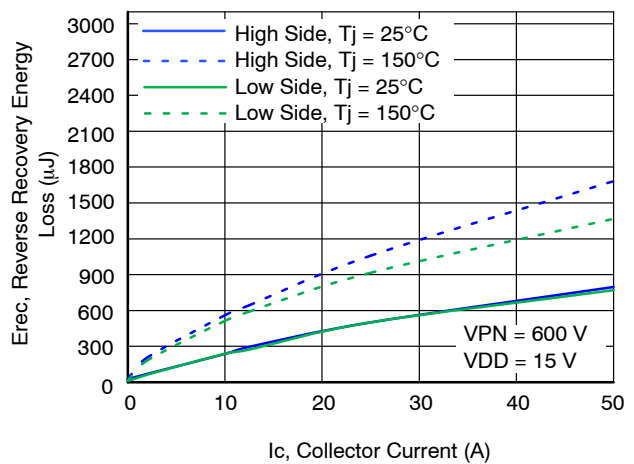


Figure 16. Typ. Reverse Recovery Energy Loss

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

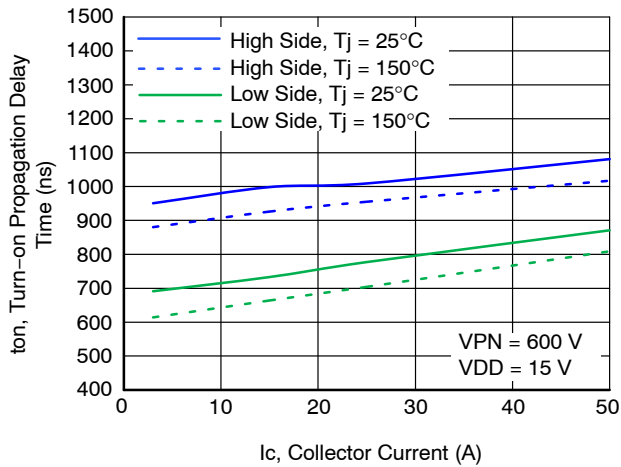


Figure 17. Typ. Turn-on Propagation Delay Time

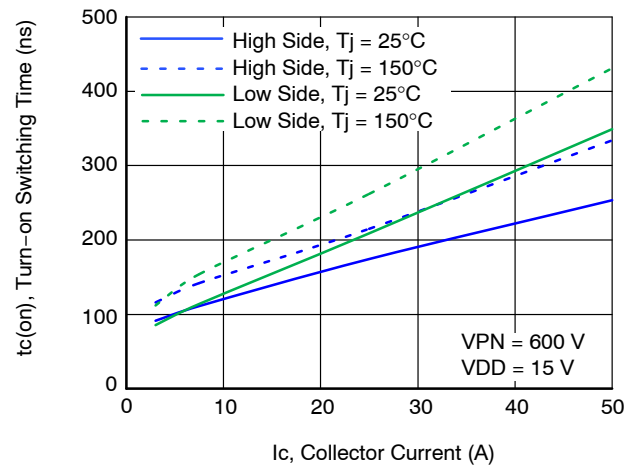


Figure 18. Typ. Turn-on Switching Time

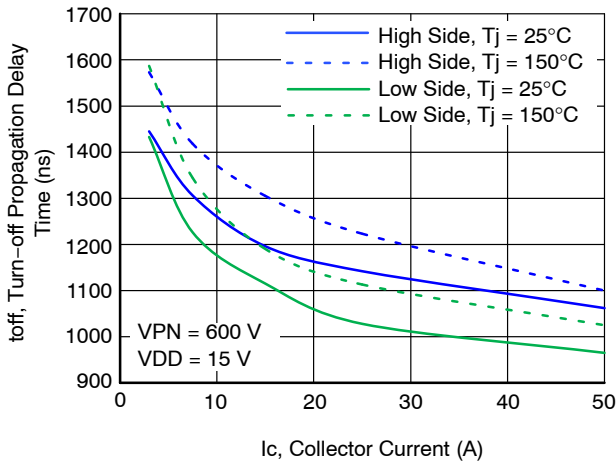


Figure 19. Typ. Turn-off Propagation Delay Time

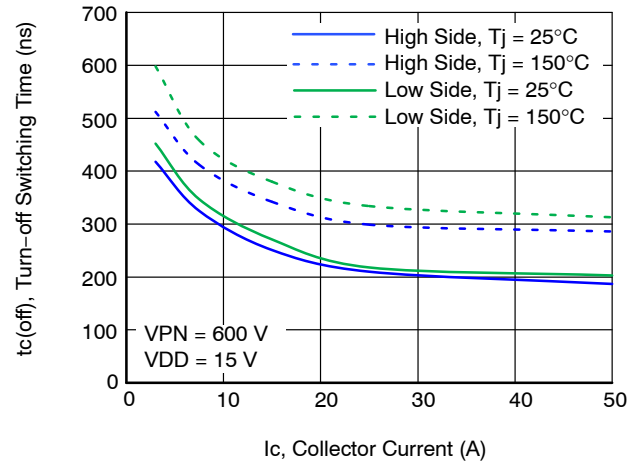


Figure 20. Typ. Turn-off Switching Time

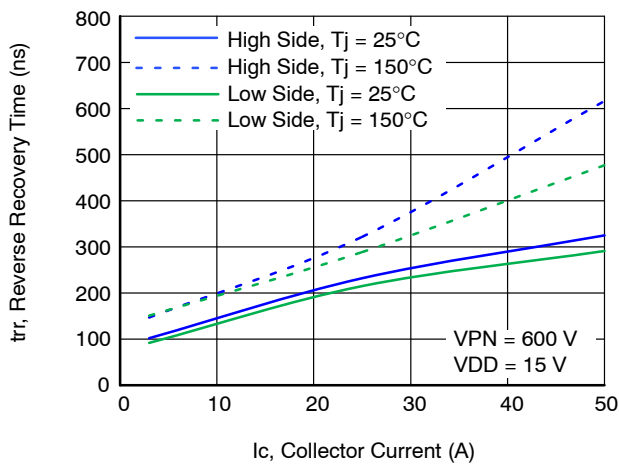


Figure 21. Typ. Reverse Recovery Time

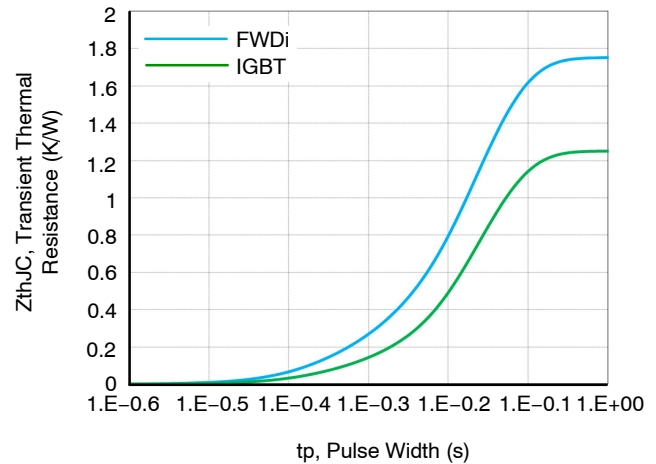


Figure 22. Transient Thermal Resistance

TURN-ON/OFF SWITCHING WAVEFORM

Switching conditions: $V_{DC} = 600\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_c = 20\text{ A}$

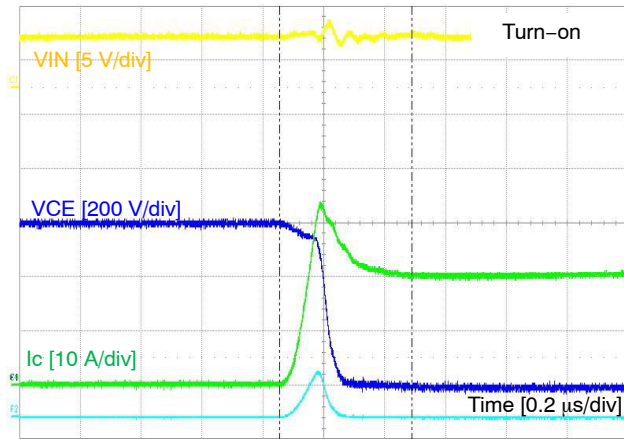


Figure 23. Turn-on Switching Waveform

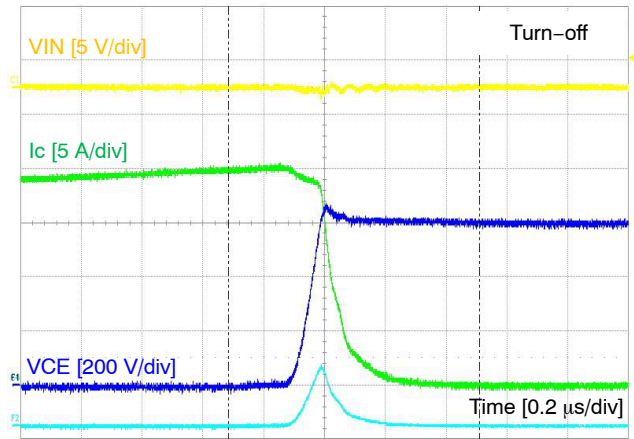
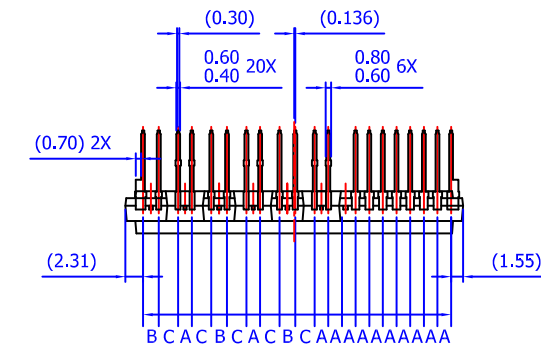


Figure 24. Turn-off Switching Waveform

SPMCA-027 / PDD STD, SPM27-CA, DBC TYPE
CASE MODFJ
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DATE 31 JAN 2017

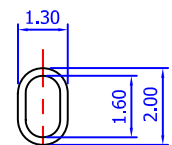
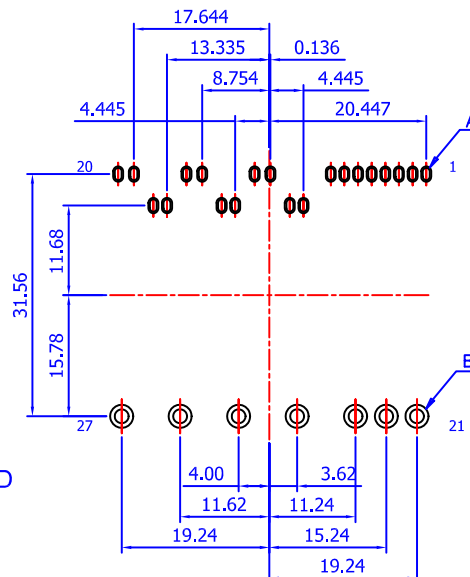
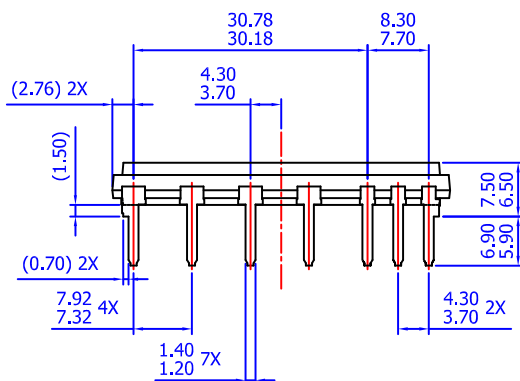
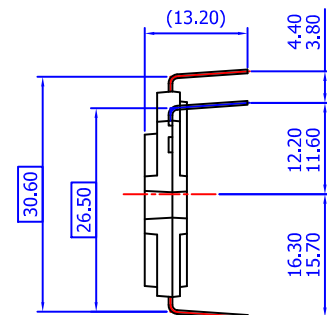
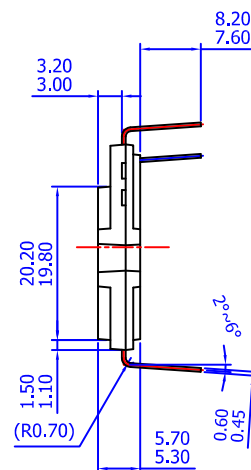
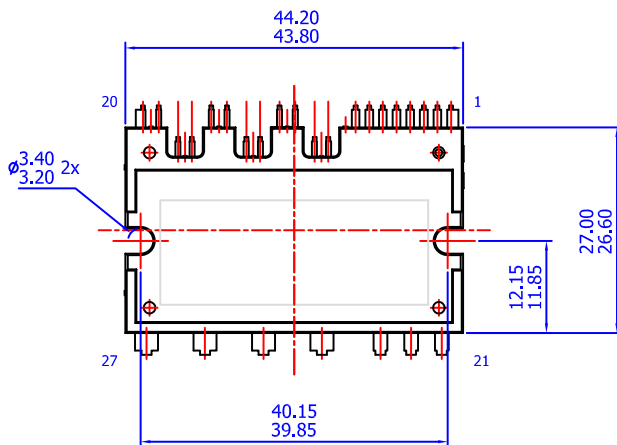


LEAD PITCH (TOLERANCE : ± 0.30)

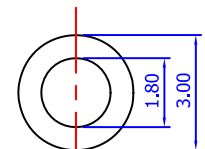
A : 1.778

B : 2.050

C : 2.531



DETAIL A
(SCALE N/A)



DETAIL B
(SCALE N/A)

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