

## High Voltage Low Power Consumption LDO

MD7680 Series

## CMOS Voltage Regulator With ON/OFF Switch

150mA



MD7680 is a high voltage (up to 60V) ultra-low quiescent current low dropout voltage regulator (LDO) manufactured in CMOS processes. It can deliver up to 150mA of current while consuming only 2.3uA of quiescent current. It consists of a reference voltage generator, an error amplifier, a current foldback circuit, and a phase compensation circuit plus a driver transistor. The MD7680 is designed specifically for applications where very-low  $I_Q$  is a critical parameter. This device maintains low quiescent current consumption even in dropout mode to further increase the battery life. When in shutdown or disabled mode, the device consumes less than 100-nA  $I_Q$  even with input voltage of 60V that helps increase the shelf life of the battery.

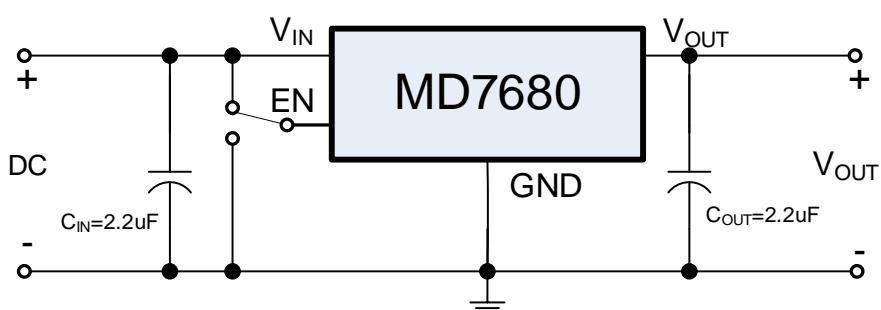
### ■ Features

- Ultra-low Quiescent Current: 2.3uA
- Maximum Input Voltage: 60V
- Output Voltage Highly Accurate:  $\pm 2\%$
- Maximum Output Current: 150mA
- Dropout Voltage: 8mV@ $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$
- Temperature Stability:  $\pm 40\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
- ON/OFF Logic = Enable High
- Protections Circuits: Current Limiter, Foldback, Thermal shutdown
- Output Capacitor: Low ESR Ceramic Capacitor Compatible

### ■ Applications

- Smart wearer
- Long-life battery-powered devices
- Portable mobile devices, such as mobile phones, cameras, and so on
- Wireless communication equipment

### ■ Typical Applications

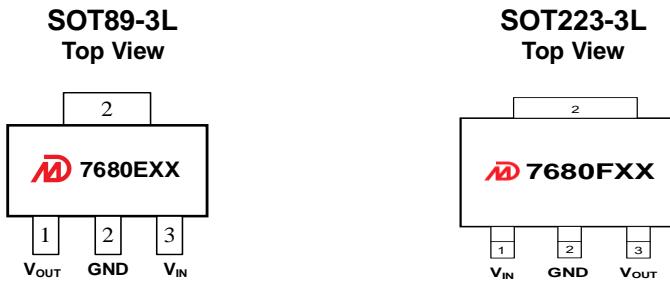


### ■ Notes on Use

Input Capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ):  $2.2\mu\text{F}$  above

Output Capacitor ( $C_{OUT}$ ):  $2.2\mu\text{F}$  above

## ■ Pin Configuration and Functions



### Pin Functions

| NAME             | DESCRIPTION  |
|------------------|--|
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | Power Input Pin.   |
| EN               | Enable pin.<br>Drive this pin high to enable the device. Drive this pin low to put the device into low current shutdown. |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> | Regulated output voltage pin   |
| GND              | Ground   |

Notes: Customer can request to customize other packages with or without EN pin.

## ■ Product Selections

| Product Name | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V) | Package   | Ordering Name | Marking   | Package Information       |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| MD7680E33    | 3.3                  | SOT89-3L  | MD7680E33PA1  | MD7680E33 | Tape and Reel,<br>1000pcs |
| MD7680E50    | 5.0                  | SOT89-3L  | MD7680E50PA1  | MD7680E50 |                           |
| MD7680F33    | 3.3                  | SOT223-3L | MD7680F33YA2  | MD7680F33 | Tape and Reel,<br>2500pc  |
| MD7680F50    | 5.0                  | SOT223-3L | MD7680F50YA2  | MD7680F50 |                           |

Notes:

1\* Customer can request to customize the output voltage ranged from 1.2V to 15V if desired voltage is not found in the selection s.

2\* Customer can request customization of package choice.

3\* Please pay attention to the MARKING of the product package type.

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Unless otherwise indicated: T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

| PARAMETER                     | SYMBOL           | RATINGS                                      |      | UNITS |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--|------|-------|
| Input Voltage                 | V <sub>IN</sub>  | -0.3 ~ 65                                    |      | V     |
| Output Voltage                | V <sub>OUT</sub> | V <sub>ss</sub> -0.3 ~ V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3V |      |       |
| Power Dissipation             | P <sub>D</sub>   | SOT89-3                                      | 1000 | mW    |
| Thermal Resistance            | R <sub>θJA</sub> | SOT89-3                                      | 100  | °C/W  |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T <sub>opr</sub> | -40 ~ +85                                    |      | °C    |
| Storage Temperature           | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40 ~ +125                                   |      |       |
| ESD Protection                | ESD HBM          | 7000   |      | V     |
| Humidity sensitive level      | MSL              | 3  |      |       |

Note: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

## ■ Electrical Characteristics

MD7680 Series (Unless otherwise indicated:  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

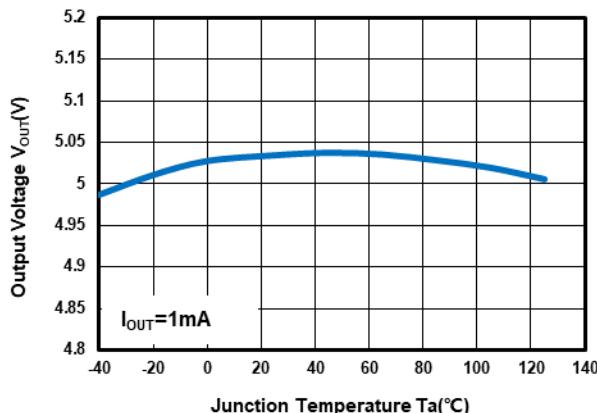
| PARAMETER  | SYMBOL  | CONDITIONS  | MIN.   | TYP.                       | MAX.                                   | UNIT                  |
|--|---|---|--|----------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Output Voltage <sup>*1</sup>                       | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}$  | $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2V$ , $I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{mA}$   | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} \times 0.98$               | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}$ | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} \times 1.02$ | V                     |
| Dropout Voltage <sup>*2</sup>                      | $V_{\text{DROP}}$   | $V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}$ , $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} = 5.0\text{V}$<br>$I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{mA}$                             |  | 8                          | 16                                     | mV                    |
|  |   | $V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}$ , $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} = 5.0\text{V}$<br>$I_{\text{OUT}} = 150\text{mA}$                           |  | 1300                       | 1800                                   |                       |
| Line Regulation                                    | $\frac{\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}}{\Delta V_{\text{IN}} \cdot V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}}$ | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2V \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 60\text{V}$<br>$I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{mA}$                                     |  | 0.01                       | 0.02                                   | %/V                   |
| Load Regulation                                    | $\Delta V_{\text{OUT}2}$  | $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2V$<br>$1\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 150\text{mA}$                                   | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} \leq 5.3\text{V}$          |                            | 20                                     | 40                    |
|  |   |   | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} > 5.3\text{V}$             |                            | 50                                     | 80                    |
| Temperature Stability                              | $\frac{\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}}$           | $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2V$ , $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{mA}$<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ |  | $\pm 40$                   |  | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| GND Current<br>( $V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}$ ) | $I_{\text{GND}}$  | no load   | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} < 3.0\text{V}$             | 0.8                        | 1.2                                    | 2.5                   |
|  |   |   | $3.0 \leq V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} \leq 5.3\text{V}$ | 1                          | 2.3                                    | 3                     |
|  |   |   | $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} > 5.3\text{V}$             | 1.5                        | 3                                      | 4.5                   |
|  |   | $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100\text{mA}$   |  | 1100                       |  |                       |
| Shutdown Current<br>( $\text{EN}=0$ )              | $I_{\text{SHUT}}$   | $V_{\text{IN}} = 60\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{EN}} = 0$  |  | 0.1                        | 1                                      |                       |
| Input Voltage                                      | $V_{\text{IN}}$   | ---   | 2.2  |                            | 60                                     | V                     |
| Maximum Output Current                             | $I_{\text{OUTMAX}}$   |   | 150  |                            |  | mA                    |
| Current Limit <sup>*3</sup>                        | $I_{\text{LIM}}$  | $V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2V$ ,<br>$V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.95 \times V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}$            |  | 240                        |  |                       |
| Short Circuit Current <sup>*4</sup>                | $I_{\text{SHORT}}$  | $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2.0\text{V}$<br>$V_{\text{OUT}} = 0\text{V}$                                |  | 10                         |  |                       |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                       | PSRR  | $f = 10\text{Hz}$ , $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{mA}$  |  | 76                         |  | dB                    |
|  |   | $f = 100\text{Hz}$ , $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{mA}$   |  | 80                         |  |                       |
|  |   | $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{mA}$  |  | 63                         |  |                       |
| EN 'H' Level Voltage                               | $V_{\text{ENH}}$  |   | 1.5  |                            | 60                                     | V                     |
| EN 'L' Level Voltage                               | $V_{\text{ENL}}$  |   | 0  |                            | 0.6                                    |                       |
| EN 'H' Level Current                               | $I_{\text{ENH}}$  | $V_{\text{IN}} = 60\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}$  | -0.1   |                            | 0.1                                    | uA                    |
| EN 'L' Level Voltage                               | $I_{\text{ENL}}$  | $V_{\text{IN}} = 60\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{EN}} = 0$  | -0.1   |                            | 0.1                                    |                       |
| Over Temperature Protection                        | OTP   | $I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{mA}$   |  | 165                        |  | °C                    |

Notes:

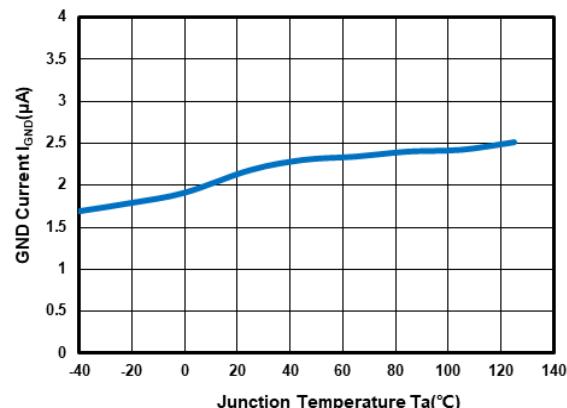
- $V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}$ : Output voltage when  $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + 2V$ ,  $I_{\text{OUT}} = 1\text{mA}$ .
- $V_{\text{DROP}} = V_{\text{IN}1} - (V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} \times 0.98)$  where  $V_{\text{IN}1}$  is the input voltage when  $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} \times 0.98$ .
- $I_{\text{LIM}}$ : Output current when  $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})} + 2V$  and  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.95 \times V_{\text{OUT}(\text{S})}$ .
- VOUT pin should be shorted to GND pin, and the impedance between them is less than 0.1 ohm.

## ■ Typical Performance Characteristics

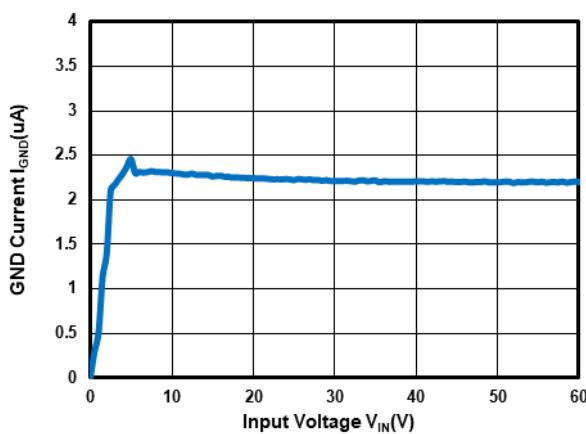
Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise indicated.



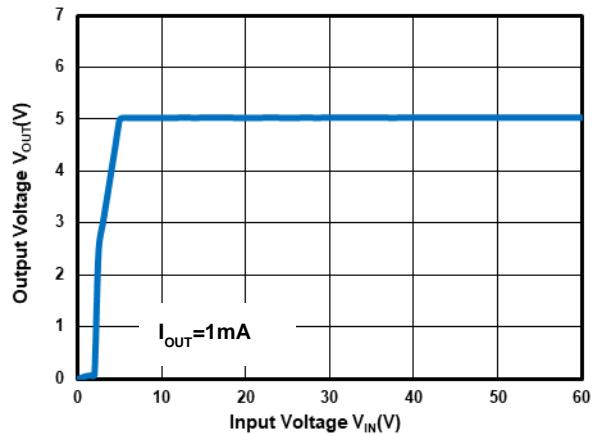
Output Voltage vs Temperature at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



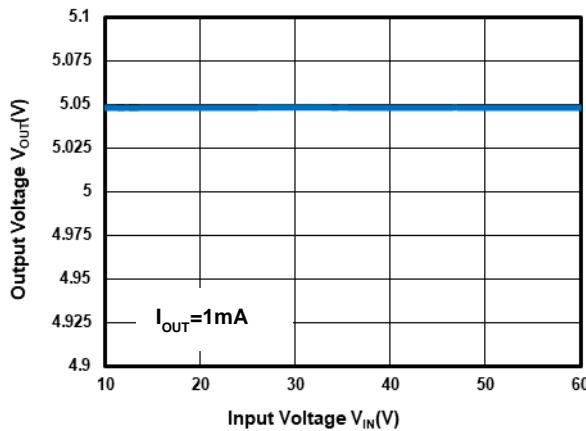
GND Current vs Temperature at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



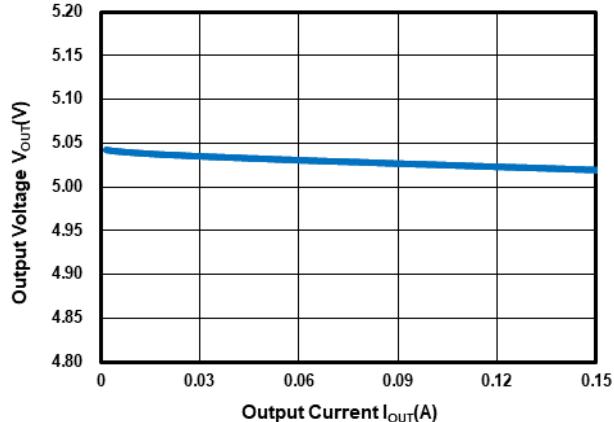
GND Current vs Input Voltage at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



Output Voltage vs Input Voltage at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



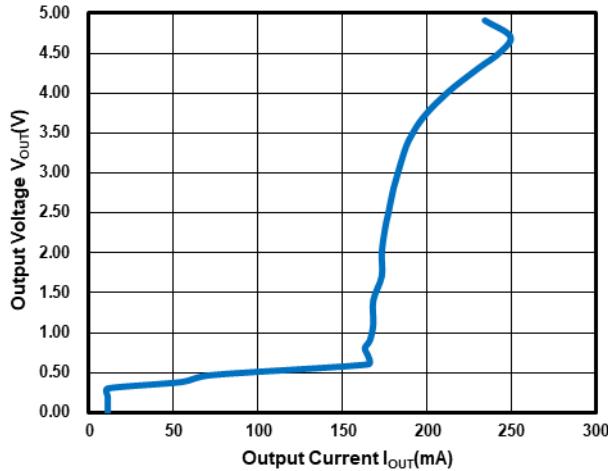
Output Voltage vs Input Voltage at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



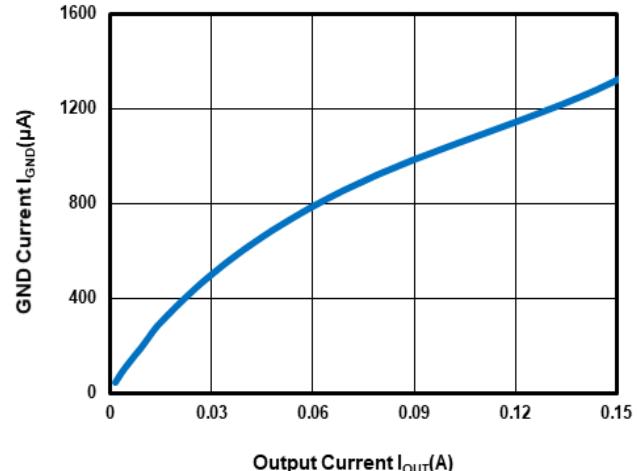
Output Voltage vs Output Current at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$

## ■ Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

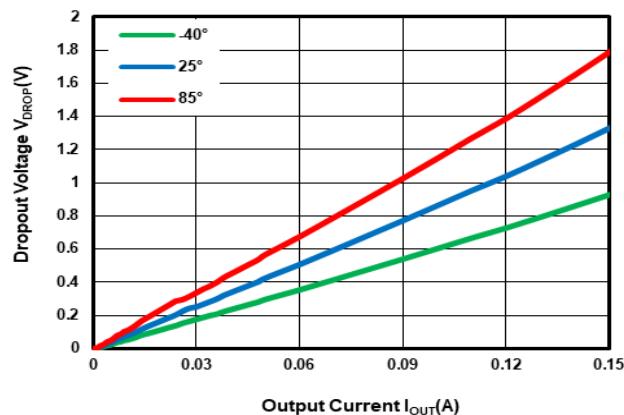
Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ , unless otherwise indicated.



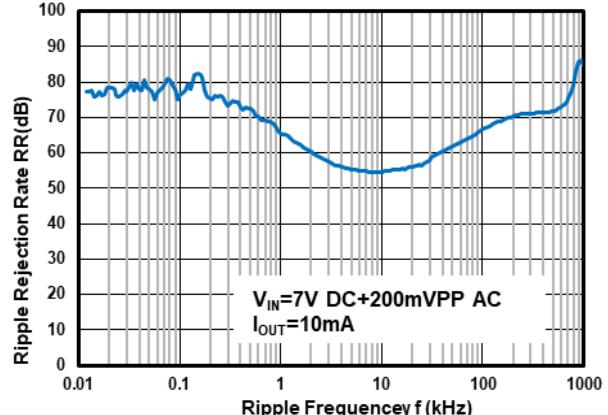
Output Current Fold-back at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



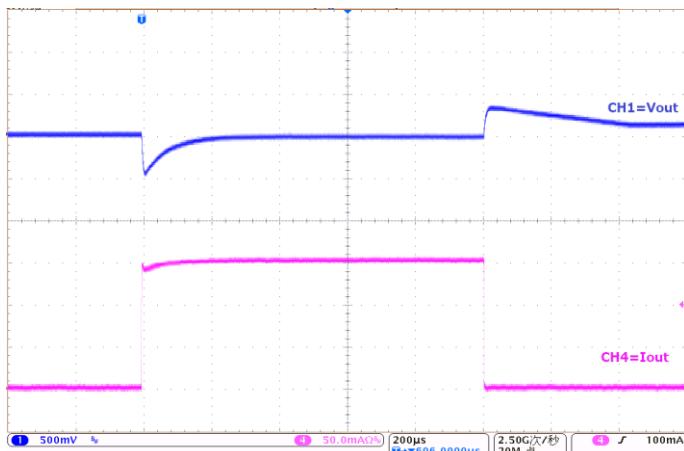
GND Current vs Output Current at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



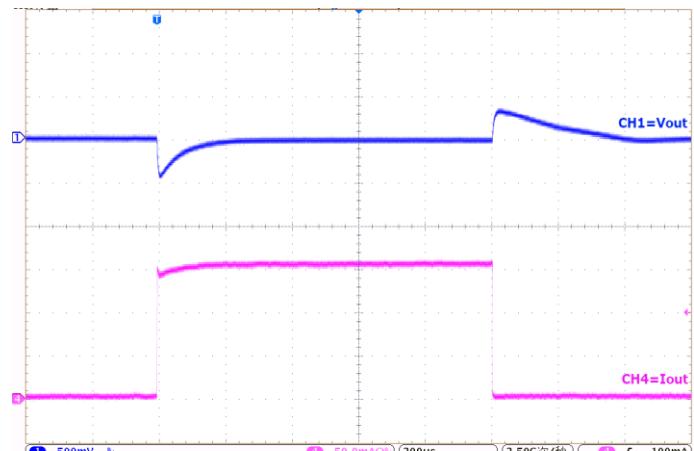
Dropout Voltage vs Temperature at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



Power Supply Rejection Ratio at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$



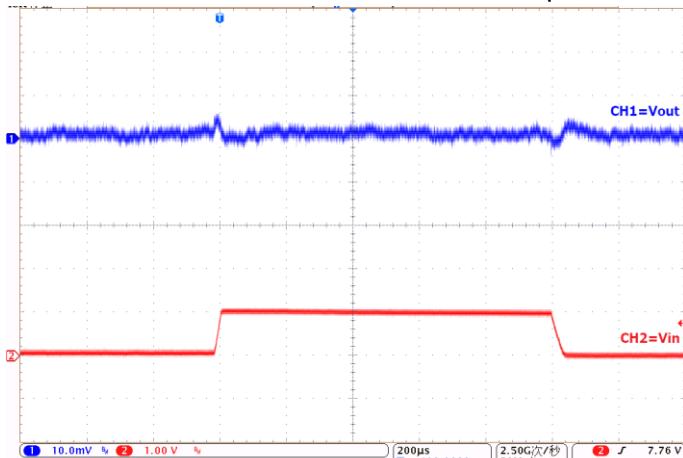
Load Transient at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :  
( $I_{out}=0mA \sim 150mA \sim 0mA$ )



Load Transient at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :  
( $I_{out}=1mA \sim 150mA \sim 1mA$ )

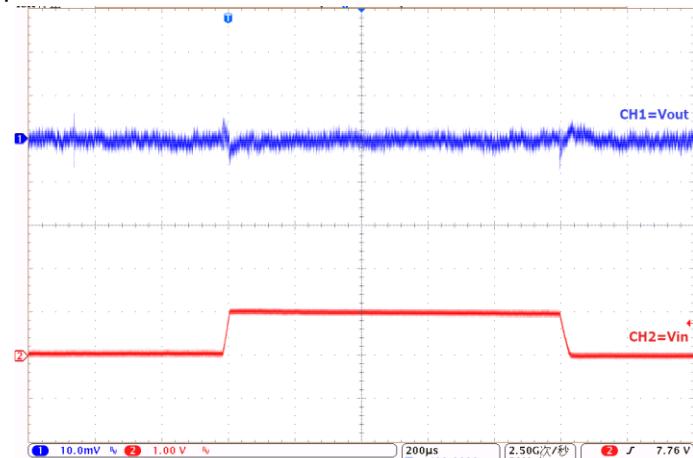
## ■ Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$ ,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise indicated.



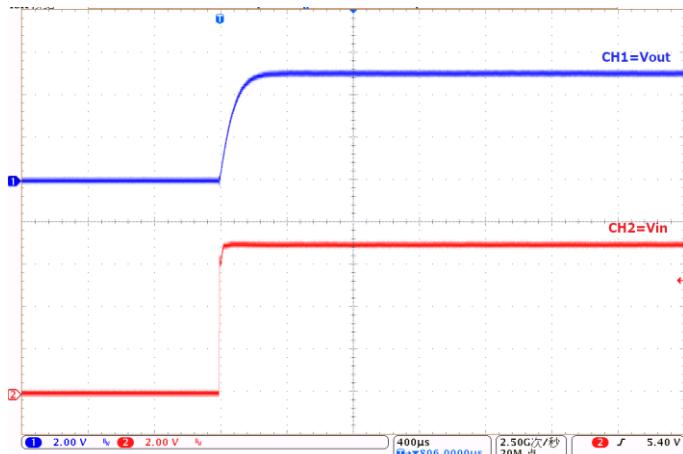
Line Transient at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :

( $I_{OUT}=1mA$ ):



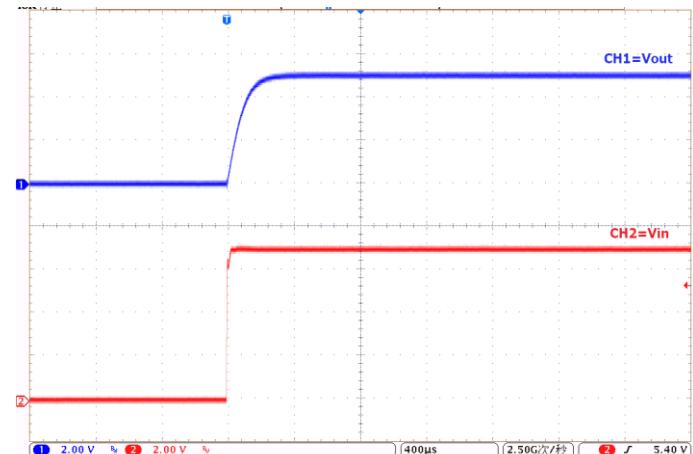
Line Transient at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :

( $I_{OUT}=10mA$ ):



Power-Up at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :

( $I_{OUT}=1mA$ )



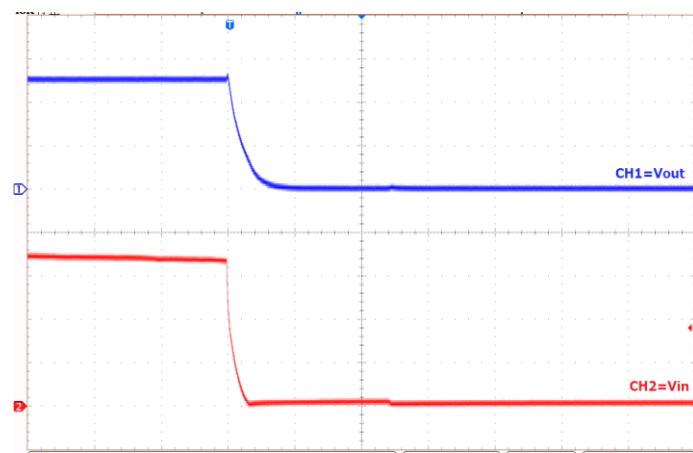
Power-Up at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :

( $I_{OUT}=150mA$ )



Power-Down at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :

( $I_{OUT}=1mA$ )



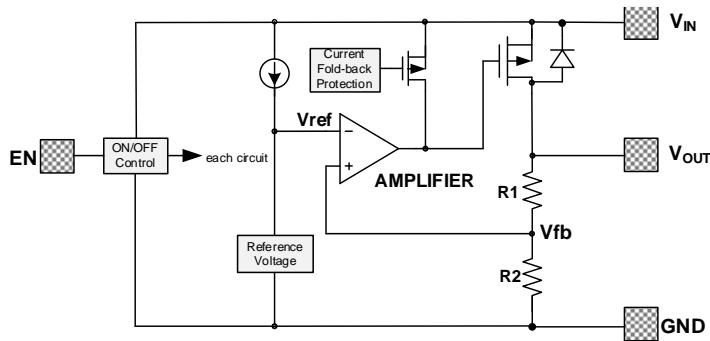
Power-Down at  $V_{OUT}=5.0V$ :

( $I_{OUT}=150mA$ )

## ■ Operational Explanation

### 1. Output voltage control

The voltage divided by resistors R1 and R2 is compared with the internal reference voltage by the error amplifier. The amplifier output then drives the P-channel MOSFET connected to the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin. The output voltage at the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is regulated by this negative feedback system. The current limit circuit and short protect circuit operate in relation to output current level. Further, the IC's internal circuitry can be in operation or shutdown modes controlled by the CE pin's signal.



### 2. Pass transistor

The pass transistor with low turn-on resistance used in MD7680 is a P-channel MOSFET. If the potential on V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is higher than V<sub>IN</sub>, it is possible that IC will be destroyed due to reverse current which is caused by parasitic diodes between V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub>. Therefore, the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin potential exceeds V<sub>IN</sub>+0.3V is not allowed.

### 3. Current foldback and over temperature protection

The MD7680 series includes a combination of a fixed current limiter circuit and a foldback circuit, which aid the operations of the current limiter and circuit protection. When the load current reaches the current limit level, the fixed current limiter circuit operates and output voltage drops. As a result of this drop in output voltage, the foldback circuit operates, output voltage drops further and output current decreases. This design can prevent the chip from being damaged due to over temperature, moreover, the heat dissipation is limited by the package type.

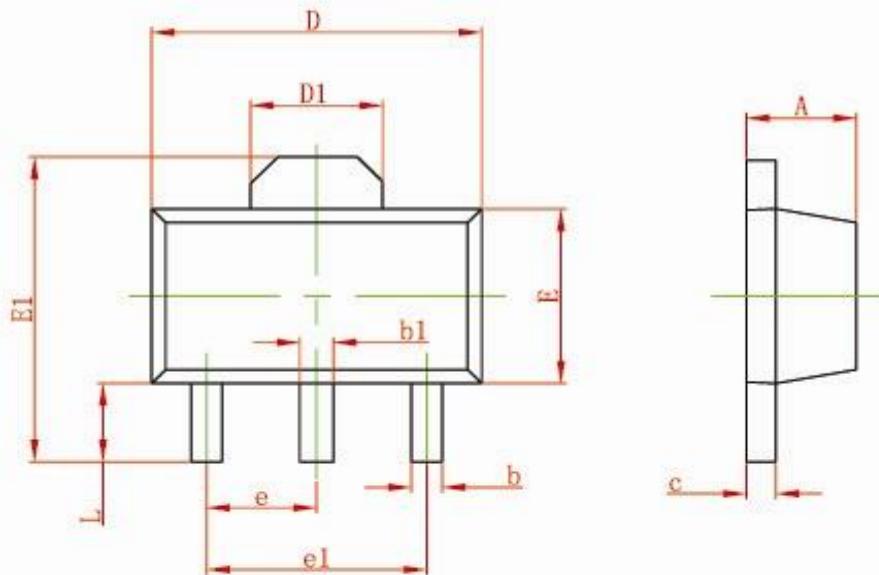
Special attention should be paid to that the product of the dropout voltage on the chip and the output current must be smaller than the heat dissipation. If power consumption on the chip is more than the heat dissipation, OTP will protect the chip from damaging due to over temperature.

## ■ Notes:

1. The input and output capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the IC.
2. If the impedance of the power supply is high, which is caused by forgetting installing input capacitor or installing too small value capacitor, the oscillation may occur.
3. Pay attention to the operation conditions of input and output voltage and load current, such that the power consumption in the IC should not exceed the allowable power consumption of the package even though the chip has short circuit protection.
4. IC has a built-in anti-static protection (ESD) circuit, but please do not add excessive stress to the IC.

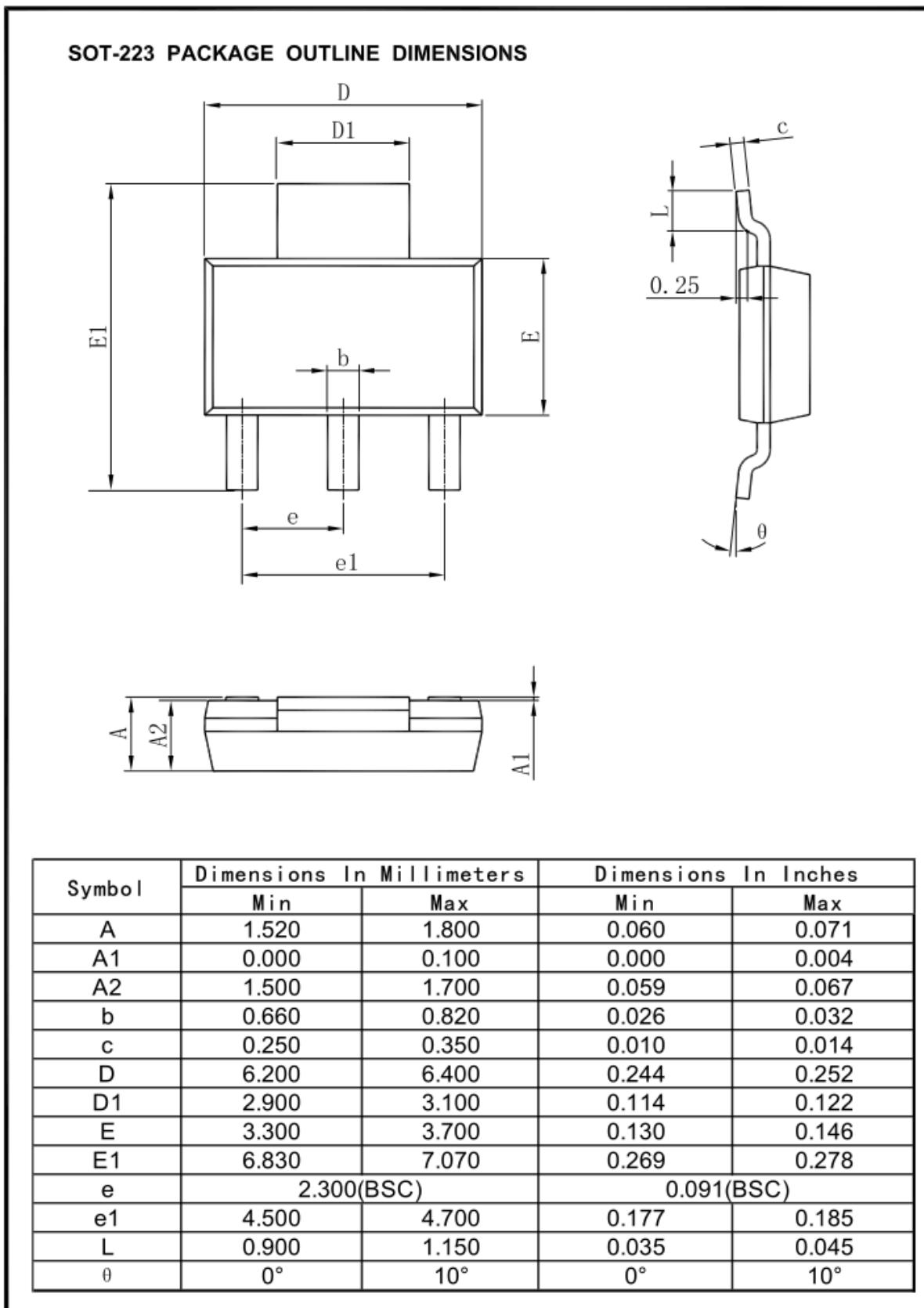
## ■ Packaging Information

SOT-89-3L PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|        | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Max   |
| A      | 1.400                     | 1.600 | 0.055                | 0.063 |
| b      | 0.320                     | 0.520 | 0.013                | 0.197 |
| b1     | 0.400                     | 0.580 | 0.016                | 0.023 |
| c      | 0.350                     | 0.440 | 0.014                | 0.017 |
| D      | 4.400                     | 4.600 | 0.173                | 0.181 |
| D1     | 1.550 REF                 |       | 0.061 REF            |       |
| E      | 2.300                     | 2.600 | 0.091                | 0.102 |
| E1     | 3.940                     | 4.250 | 0.155                | 0.167 |
| e      | 1.500 TYP                 |       | 0.060TYP             |       |
| e1     | 3.000 TYP                 |       | 0.118TYP             |       |
| L      | 0.900                     | 1.200 | 0.035                | 0.047 |

## ■ Packaging Information (Continued)



For the newest datasheet, please see the website:

[www.md-ic.com.cn](http://www.md-ic.com.cn)

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