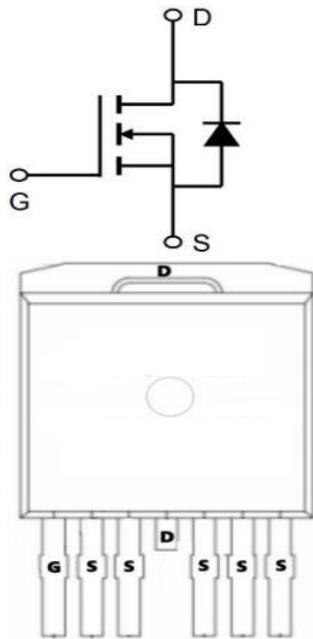


### Description

The SX240N12T6 uses advanced technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 10V. This device is suitable for use as a Battery protection or in other Switching application.



### General Features

$V_{DS} = 120V$  (Type: 135V)  $I_D = 240A$

$R_{DS(ON)} < 4.2m\Omega @ V_{GS}=10V$

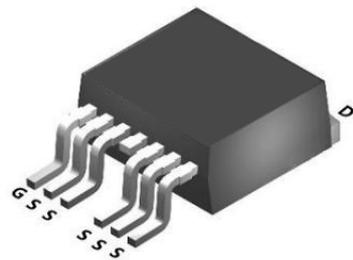
### Application

BMS

UPS

Power Management Switches

TO-263-6L



### Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_C=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage	120	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
$I_D @ T_C=25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	240	A
$I_D @ T_C=100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	180	A
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current	360	A
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	530	mJ
I <sub>AS</sub>	Avalanche Current	45	A
$P_D @ T_C=25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation <sup>4</sup>	240	W
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient	0.75	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case	62	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>c</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Type	Max.	Unit
VDSS	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA	120	135	-	V
IGSS	Gate-body Leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20V	-	-	±100	nA
IDSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	V <sub>DS</sub> = 120V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V	-	-	1	μA
IDSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current T <sub>J</sub> =100°C		-	-	100	
VGS(th)	Gate-Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA	2.0	2.9	4.0	V
RDS(on)	Drain-Source on-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 20A	-	3.7	4.2	mΩ
RDS(on)	Drain-Source on-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 6V, I <sub>D</sub> = 20A	-	4.3	5.8	mΩ
Ciss	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 60V, f = 250kHz	-	5240	-	pF
Coss	Output Capacitance		-	739	-	
Crss	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	12	-	
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0V, f = 1MHz	-	1.7	-	Ω
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>DD</sub> = 60V, I <sub>D</sub> = 45A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 to 10V	-	19	-	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-Source Charge		-	11	-	
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-Drain Charge		-	75	-	
td(on)	Turn-on Delay Time	V <sub>DD</sub> = 60V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 45A, R <sub>G</sub> = 10Ω	-	59	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time		-	41	-	
td(off)	Turn-off Delay Time		-	96	-	
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		-	33	-	
VSD	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V	-	0.8	1.2	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current <sup>1,5</sup>	V <sub>G</sub> = V <sub>D</sub> = 0V, Force Current	-	-	200	A
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	V <sub>R</sub> = 60V I <sub>F</sub> = 35A, di/dt = 100A/μs	-	70	-	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		-	200	-	nC

**Notes:**

- 1、 The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch2 FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2、 The data tested by pulsed , pulse width ≤ 300us , duty cycle ≤ 2%
- 3、 The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is V<sub>DD</sub>=50V, V<sub>GS</sub>=10V, L=0.5mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=45A
- 4、 The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
- 5、 The data is theoretically the same as I<sub>D</sub> and I<sub>DM</sub> , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

Typical Characteristics

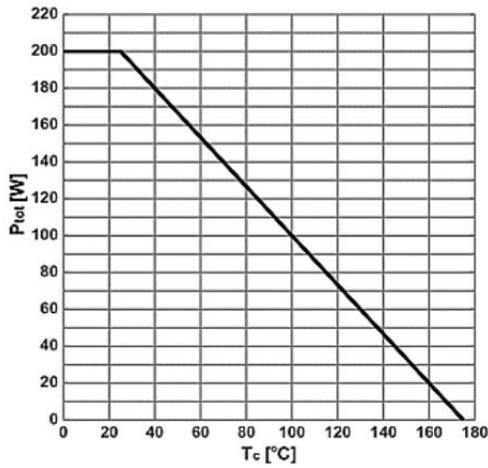


Figure 1. Power dissipation

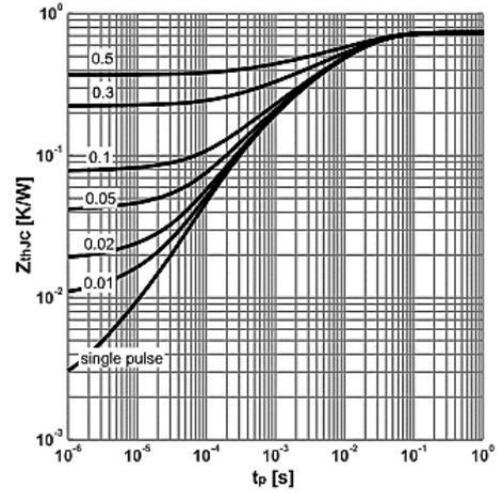


Figure 2. Max. transient thermal impedance

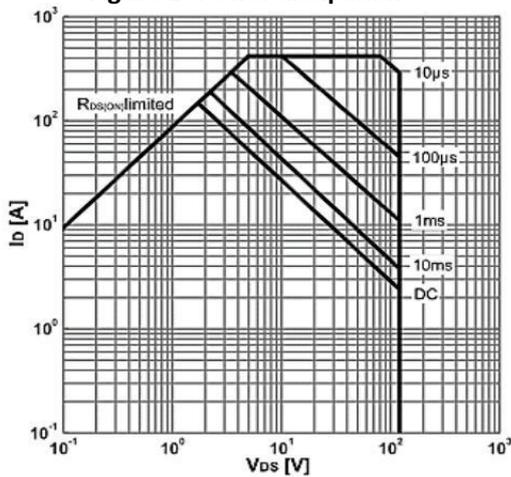


Figure 3. Safe operating area

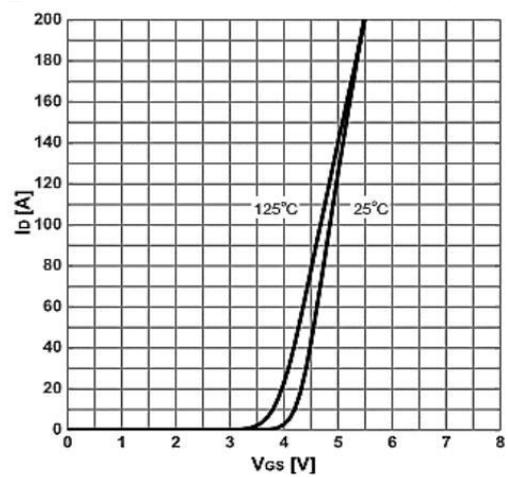


Figure 4. Type. transfer characteristics

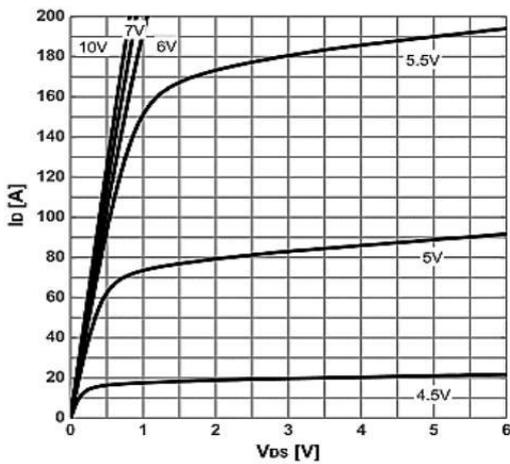


Figure 5. Typ. output characteristics ( $T_j$  25°C)

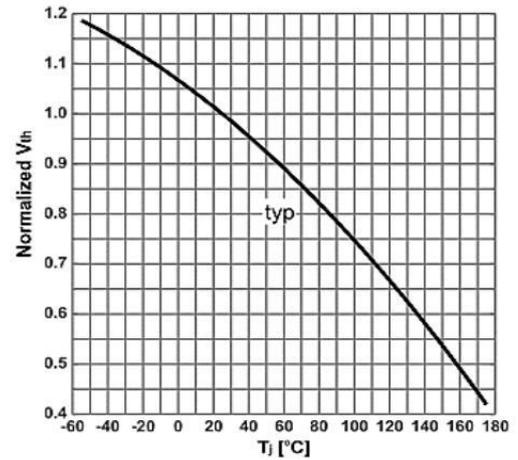


Figure 6. Typ. output characteristics ( $T_j$  125°C)

Typical Characteristics

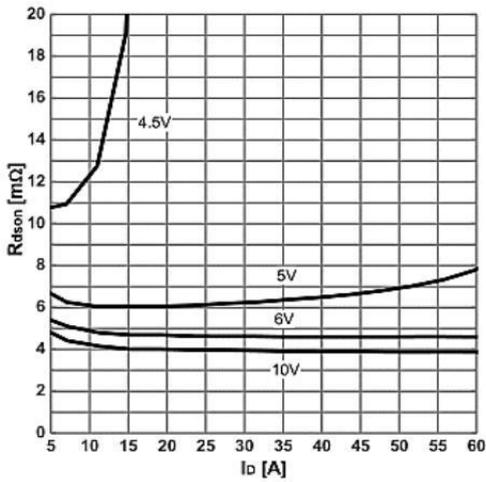


Figure 7. On-state resistance vs. Drain current

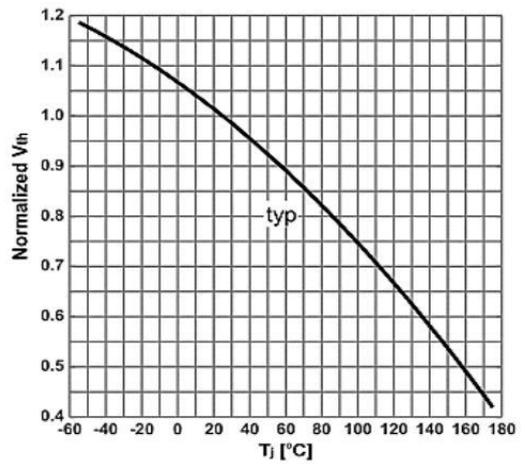


Figure 6. Gate threshold voltage vs. Junction Temperature

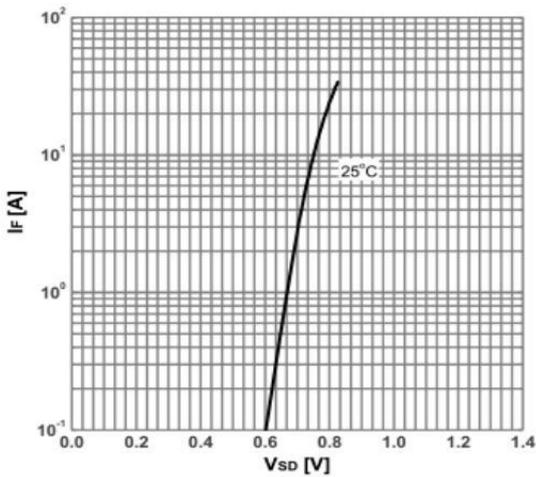


Figure 9. Forward characteristics of reverse diode

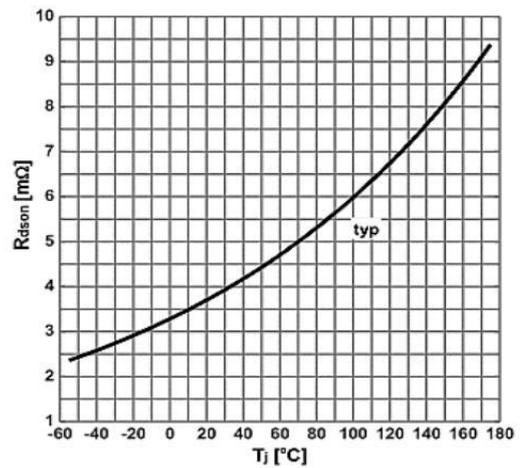


Figure 8. On-state resistance vs. Junction temperature

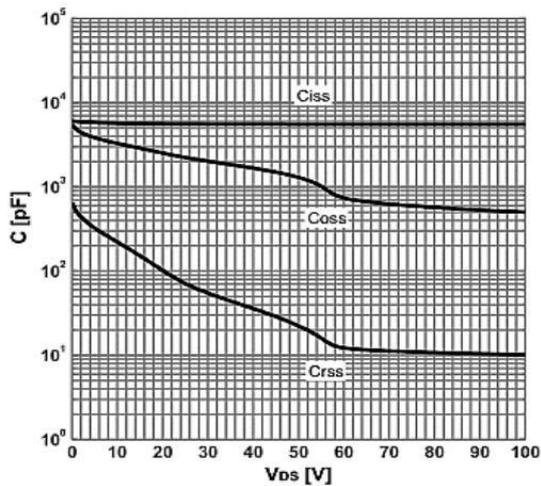


Figure9 Typ. capacitances

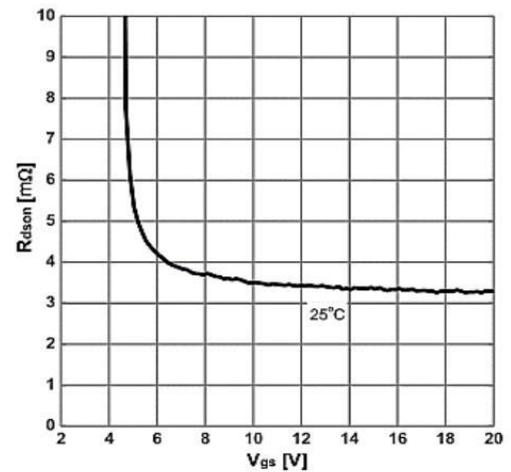
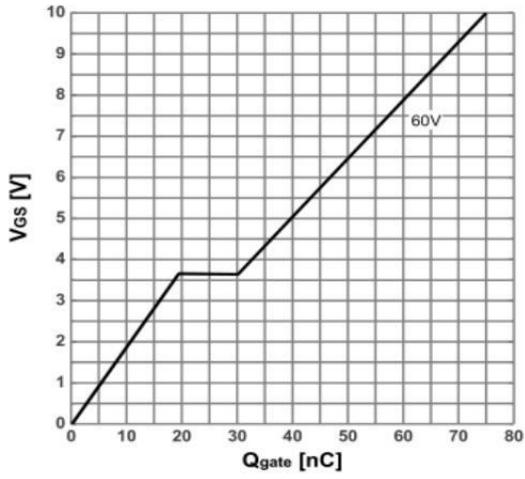


Figure11. On-state resistance vs. Vgs characteristics

**Typical Characteristics**



**Figure 13: Typ. gate charge**

