

## Features

- Static current is small, with a typical 2.7mA.
- The chip's input pin can cause the IC to power down when disabled.
- The static current is small during power failure, with a typical value of 65uA.
- Output power exceeds 250mW when using a 32Ω load.
- Distortion small 0.5% TYP.
- In the audio frequency band, gain can be adjusted from 0dB to 46dB.
- Peripheral components are few.
- Compact package: SOP8

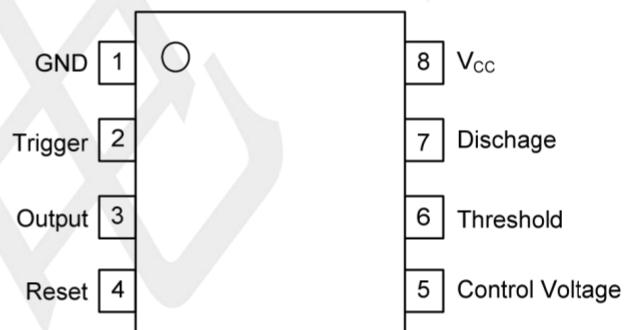
## Applications

- Precision timing
- Pulse generation
- Sequential timing
- Time delay generation
- Pulse width modulation
- Pulse position modulation
- Missing Pulse detector

## General Description

The NE555 is a highly stable timer integrated circuit. It can be operated in both Astable and Monostable mode. With monostable operation, the time delay is precisely controlled by one external and one capacitor. With a stable operation as an oscillator the frequency and duty cycle are both accurately controlled with two external resistors and one capacitor.

## Pinout (top view)



SOP8

## Pin Configurations

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	GND	Supply ground
2	TRIGGER	Start timer input; (Active LOW)
3	OUTPUT	Timer logic level output
4	RESET	Timer inhibit input; (Active LOW)
5	CONTROL VOLTAGE	Timing capacitor upper voltage sense input
6	THRESHOLD	Timing capacitor lower voltage sense input
7	DISCHARGE	Timing capacitor discharge output
8	VCC	Supply voltage

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

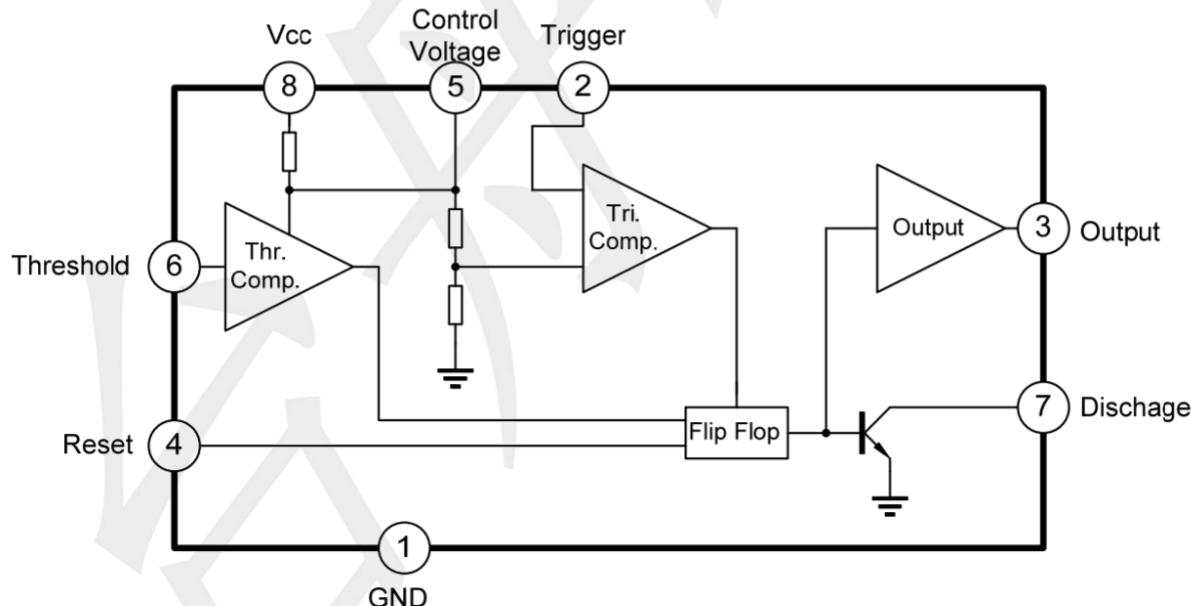
At 25°C free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Collector to emitter voltage	--	18	v
PD	Power Dissipation	--	600	mW
Tamb	Operating Temperature	0	+70	°C
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature	--	+150	°C
TSTG	Storage temperature range	-65	+150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

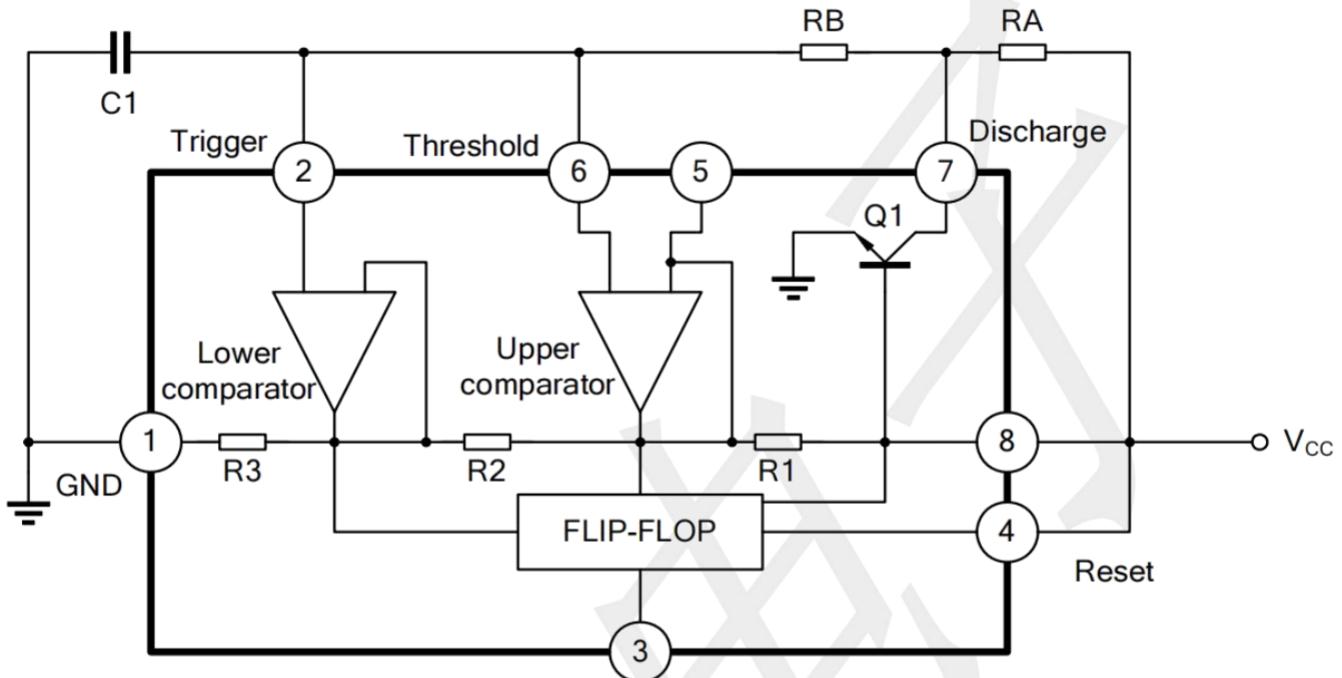
## BLOCK DIAGRAM



**Electrical Characteristics(TA=+25°C, unless otherwise specified )**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Collector to Emitter voltage		4.5	--	16	V
I <sub>CCQ</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, R <sub>L</sub> =∞	--	3.0	6.0	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =∞	--	10	15	mA
V <sub>TH</sub>	Threshold Voltage		--	0.667	--	V
I <sub>TH</sub>	Threshold Current		--	0.1	0.25	uA
V <sub>TR</sub>	Trigger Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> =15V	--	5.0	--	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =5V	--	1.67	--	V
I <sub>TR</sub>	Trigger Current		--	0.5	0.9	uA
V <sub>R</sub>	Reset Voltage		0.4	0.5	1.0	V
I <sub>R</sub>	Reset Current		--	0.1	0.4	mA
V <sub>CON</sub>	control voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> =15V	9.0	10	11	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =5V	2.6	3.33	4.0	V
I <sub>7(IEAK)</sub>	7-terminal leakage current	Output High Level	--	1.0	100	nA
I <sub>7(SAT)</sub>	7-end saturation pressure drop	Output low level V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>7</sub> =15mA	--	180	--	mV
		Output low level V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>7</sub> =4.5mA	--	80	200	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage (High)	V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>7</sub> =200mA	--	12.5	--	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>7</sub> =100mA	12.75	13.3	--	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>7</sub> =100mA	2.75	3.3	--	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage (Low)	V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =10mA	--	0.1	0.25	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =50mA	--	0.4	0.75	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =100mA	--	2.0	2.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =200mA	--	2.5	--	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>SINK</sub> =5mA	--	0.25	0.35	V
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise Time of Output		--	100	--	nS
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall Time of Output		--	100	--	nS
t <sub>E</sub>	Initial Precision	Monostable state RA.RB = 1~100K C = 0.1μF VCC = 5V (15V)	--	1.0	--	%
t <sub>T</sub>	Rate of change with temperature drift		--	50	--	ppm/°C
t <sub>v</sub>	Voltage drift rate change		--	0.1	--	%/V
t <sub>OPr</sub>	Accuracy within the operating temperature range		--	1.5	--	%
t <sub>E1</sub>	Initial Precision	Oscillatory state RA.RB = 1~100K C = 0.1μF VCC = 5V (15V)	--	2.25	--	%
t <sub>r1</sub>	Rate of change with temperature drift		--	150	--	ppm/°C
t <sub>v1</sub>	Voltage drift rate change		--	0.3	--	%/V
t <sub>OPr1</sub>	Accuracy within the operating temperature range		--	3.0	--	%

## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



## TYPICAL APPLICATION NOTES

The application circuit shows astable mode configuration.

Pin 6 (Threshold) is tied to Pin 2 ( Trigger ) and Pin 4 ( reset ) is tied to Vcc ( Pin 8 ). The external capacitor C1 of Pin 6 and Pin 2 charges through RA, RB and discharges through RB only. In the internal circuit of **NE555**, one input of the upper comparator is at voltage of  $2/3V_{CC}$  ( $R_1=R_2=R_3$ ), another input is connected to Pin 6. As soon as C1 is charging to higher than  $2/3V_{CC}$ , transistor Q1 is turned ON and discharge C1 to collector voltage of transistor Q1. Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is reset and output is low. One input of lower comparator is at voltage of  $1/3V_{CC}$ , discharge transistor Q1 turn off and C1 charges through RA and RB. Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is set output high. That is, when C1 charges through RA and RB, output is high and when C1 discharge through RB ,output is low.

The charge time(output is high) t1 is  $0.693(R_A+R_B)C_1$  and the discharge time (output is low) T2 is  $0.693 R_B \times C_1$ .

$$\ln \frac{\frac{1}{3}V_{CC}}{\frac{2}{3}V_{CC}} = 0.693$$

$$T1=0.693\times(R_A+R_B)\times C_1$$

$$T2=0.693\times R_B \times C_1$$

Thus the total period time T is given by  
 $T=T1+T2=0.693(R_A+2R_B)\times C_1$ .

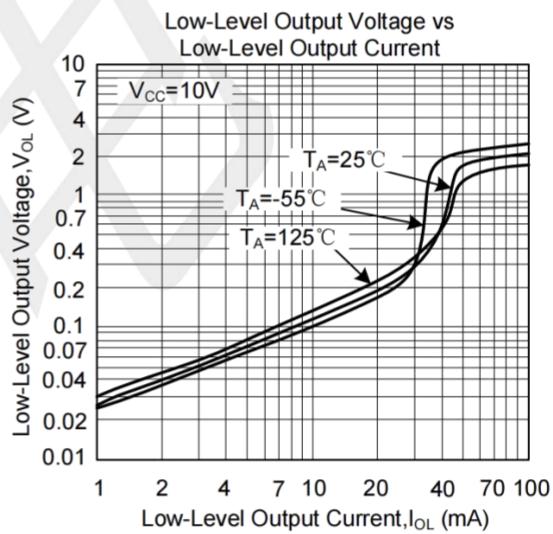
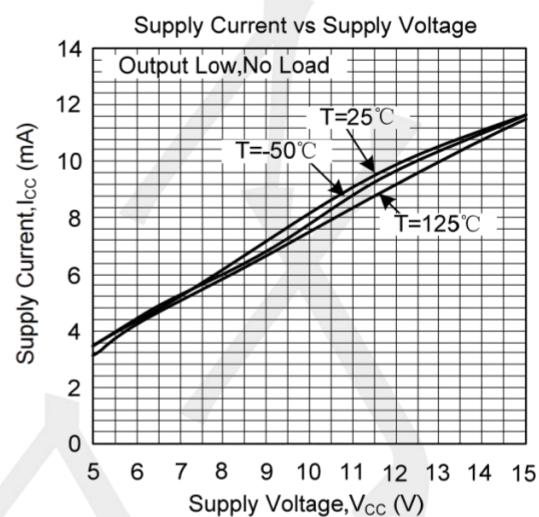
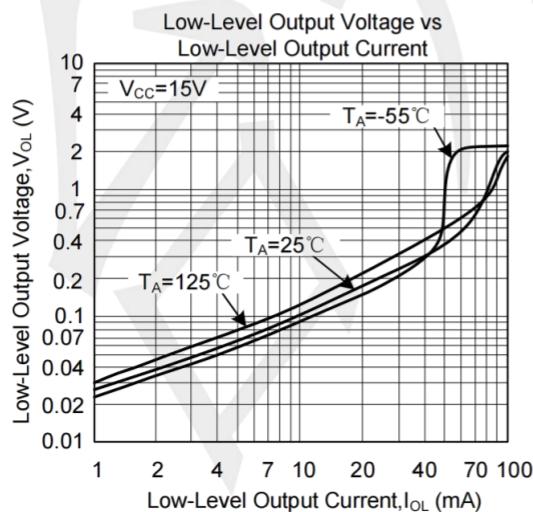
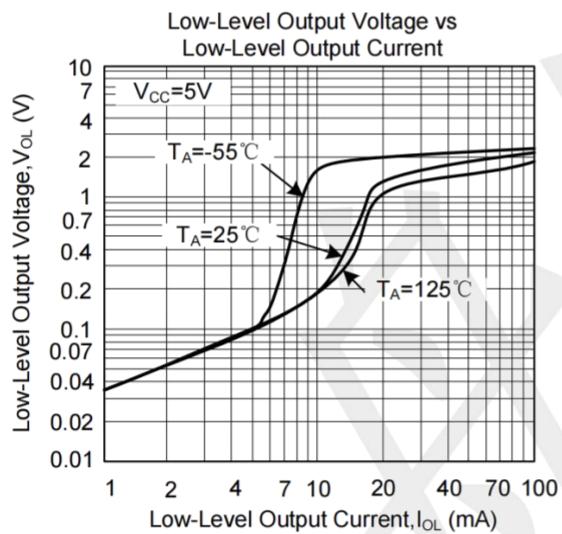
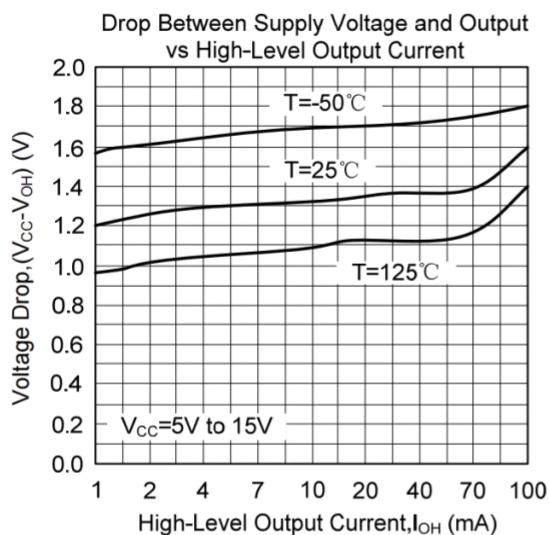
Then the frequency of astable mode is given by

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1.44}{(R_A + 2R_B) \times C_1}$$

The duty cycle is given by

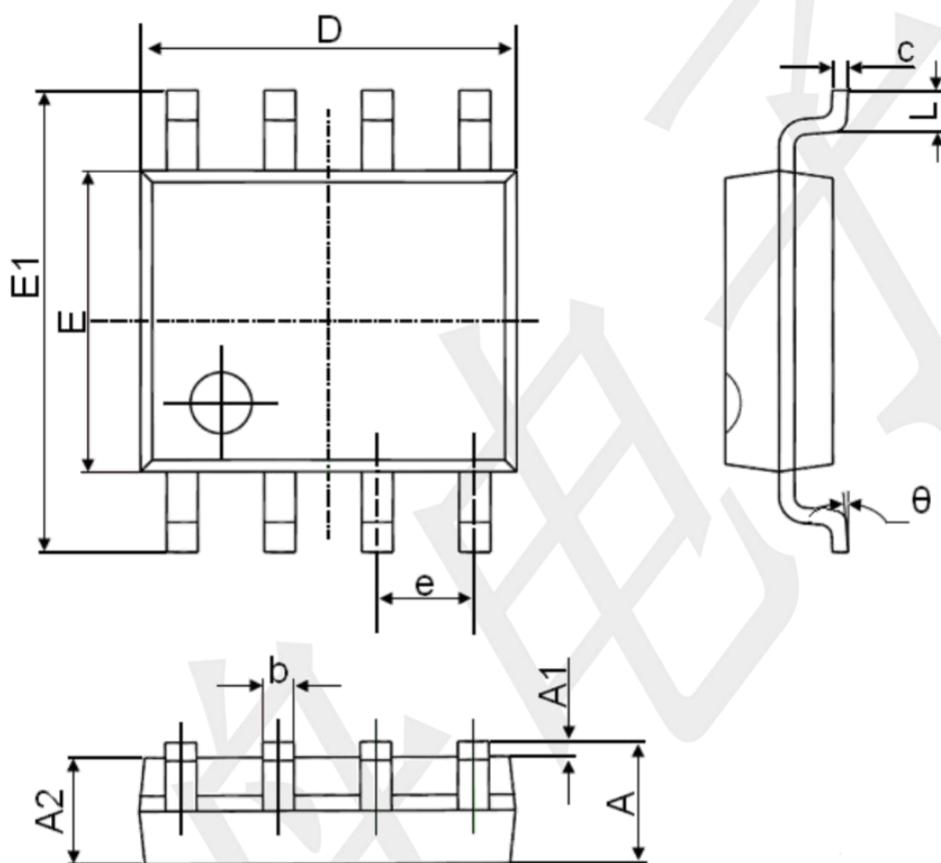
$$D.C. = \frac{T2}{T} = \frac{R_B}{R_A + 2R_B}$$

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



## Package Outline Dimensions

SOP8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.270(BSC)		0.050(BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°