

### Description

The SX150P02NF uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a Battery protection or in other Switching application.

### General Features

$V_{DS} = -20V$   $I_D = -150A$

$R_{DS(ON)} < 2.0m\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -10V$

$R_{DS(ON)} < 2.2m\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -4.5V$

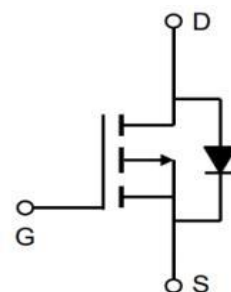
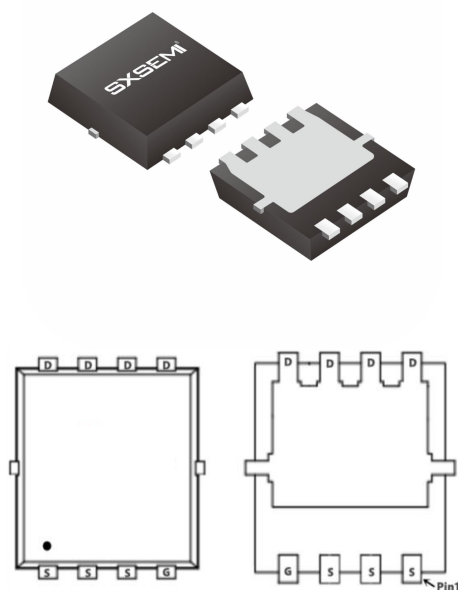
### Application

Battery protection

Load switch

Uninterruptible power supply

### PDFN5\*6-8L



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (TC=25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol      | Parameter                             | Rating     | Units |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-------|
| VDS         | Drain-Source Voltage                  | -20        | V     |
| VGS         | Gate-Source Voltage                   | ±12        | V     |
| ID@TC=25°C  | Continuous Drain Current, VGS @ -10V1 | -150       | A     |
| ID@TC=100°C | Continuous Drain Current, VGS @ -10V1 | -76        | A     |
| IDM         | Pulsed Drain Current2                 | 450        | A     |
| EAS         | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy3        | 450        | mJ    |
| IAS         | Avalanche Current                     | -50        | A     |
| PD@TC=25°C  | Total Power Dissipation4              | 104        | W     |
| TSTG        | Storage Temperature Range             | -55 to 150 | °C    |
| TJ          | Operating Junction Temperature Range  | -55 to 150 | °C    |
| RθJA        | Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient 1 | 15         | °C/W  |
| RθJC        | Thermal Resistance Junction-Case1     | 0.9        | °C/W  |

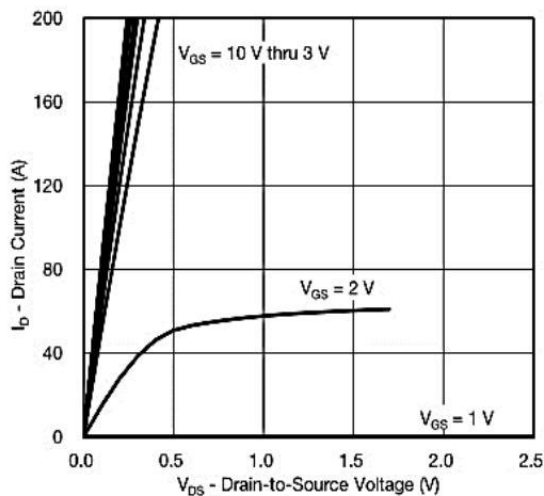
**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise noted)**

| Symbol                              | Parameter                                   | Test Condition                                                                                                   | Min  | Type  | Max   | Units |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| V <sub>DS</sub>                     | Drain-source breakdown voltage              | V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> = -250μA                                                                     | -20  | -     | -     | V     |
| V <sub>DS</sub> /T <sub>J</sub>     | V <sub>DS</sub> temperature coefficient     | I <sub>D</sub> = -250μA                                                                                          | -    | -14.5 | -     | mV/°C |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub> /T <sub>J</sub> | V <sub>GS(th)</sub> temperature coefficient |                                                                                                                  | -    | 4.1   | -     |       |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub>                 | Gate-source threshold voltage               | V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =-250μA                                                        | -0.5 | -     | -1.4  | V     |
| I <sub>GSS</sub>                    | Gate-source leakage                         | V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±12V                                                                       | -    | -     | ± 100 | nA    |
| I <sub>DSS</sub>                    | Zero gate voltage drain current             | V <sub>DS</sub> =-20V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V                                                                       | -    | -     | -1    | μA    |
|                                     |                                             | V <sub>DS</sub> =-20V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =55 °C                                                | -    | -     | -5    |       |
| R <sub>DS(on)</sub>                 | Drain-source on-state resistance            | V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =-25A                                                                      | -    | 1.6   | 2.0   | mΩ    |
|                                     |                                             | V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-20A                                                                     | -    | 1.9   | 2.2   |       |
|                                     |                                             | V <sub>GS</sub> =-2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-15A                                                                     | -    | 2.6   | 3.2   |       |
| g <sub>fs</sub>                     | Forward transconductance <sup>a</sup>       | V <sub>DS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =-25A                                                                      | -    | 120   | -     | S     |
| C <sub>iss</sub>                    | Input capacitance                           | V <sub>DS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz                                                               | -    | 22000 | -     | pF    |
| C <sub>oss</sub>                    | Output capacitance                          |                                                                                                                  | -    | 2470  | -     |       |
| C <sub>rss</sub>                    | Reverse transfer capacitance                |                                                                                                                  | -    | 2515  | -     |       |
| Q <sub>g</sub>                      | Total gate charge                           | V <sub>DS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A                                                | -    | 415   | 625   | nC    |
|                                     |                                             |                                                                                                                  | -    | 202.5 | 305   |       |
| Q <sub>gs</sub>                     | Gate-source charge                          | V <sub>DS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-20A                                              | -    | 32.5  | -     |       |
| Q <sub>gd</sub>                     | Gate-drain charge                           |                                                                                                                  | -    | 51.5  | -     |       |
| R <sub>g</sub>                      | Gate resistance                             | f=1MHz                                                                                                           | 0.8  | 1.5   | 2.5   | Ω     |
| t <sub>d(on)</sub>                  | Turn-on delay time                          | V <sub>DD</sub> =-10V, R <sub>L</sub> =1Ω<br>I <sub>D</sub> =-10A, V <sub>GEN</sub> =-10V, R <sub>g</sub> =1Ω    | -    | 20    | 40    | ns    |
| t <sub>r</sub>                      | Rise time                                   |                                                                                                                  | -    | 14    | 28    |       |
| t <sub>d(on)</sub>                  | Turn-on delay time                          | V <sub>DD</sub> =-10V, R <sub>L</sub> =1Ω, I <sub>D</sub> =-10 A,<br>V <sub>GEN</sub> =-4.5V, R <sub>g</sub> =1Ω | -    | 115   | 200   |       |
| t <sub>d(off)</sub>                 | Turn-off delay time                         |                                                                                                                  | -    | 230   | 390   |       |
| I <sub>S</sub>                      | Continuous source-drain diode current       | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C                                                                                           | -    | -     | -150  | A     |
| I <sub>SM</sub>                     | Pulse diode forward current                 |                                                                                                                  | -    | -     | -450  |       |
| V <sub>SD</sub>                     | Body diode voltage                          | I <sub>S</sub> = -5 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V                                                                     | -    | -0.64 | -1.1  | V     |
| t <sub>rr</sub>                     | Body diode reverse recovery time            | I <sub>F</sub> =-10A, di/dt=100A/μs,<br>T <sub>J</sub> =25°C                                                     | -    | 88    | 140   | ns    |
| Q <sub>rr</sub>                     | Body diode reverse recovery charge          |                                                                                                                  | -    | 120   | 200   | nC    |
| t <sub>a</sub>                      | Reverse recovery fall time                  |                                                                                                                  | -    | 31    | -     | ns    |
| t <sub>b</sub>                      | Reverse recovery rise time                  |                                                                                                                  | -    | 57    | -     |       |

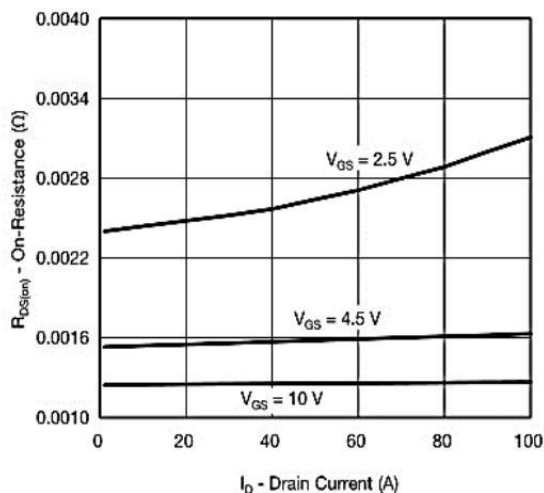
**Note :**

- 1、The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2、The data tested by pulsed , pulse width ≤ 300us , duty cycle ≤ 2%
- 3、The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is V<sub>DD</sub>=-16V, V<sub>GS</sub>=-4.5V, L=0.1mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=-50A
- 4、The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
- 5、The data is theoretically the same as I<sub>D</sub> and I<sub>DM</sub> , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

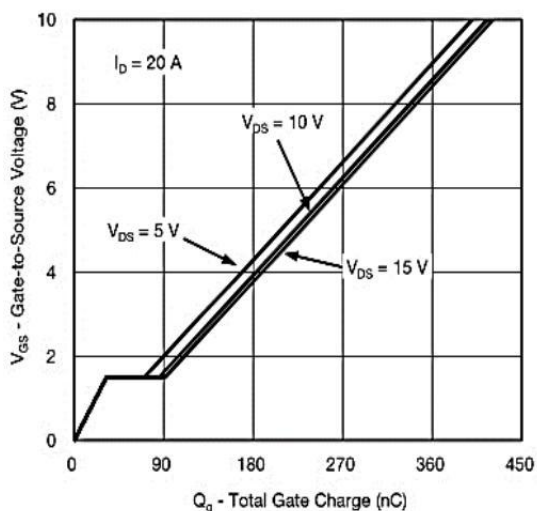
## Typical Characteristics



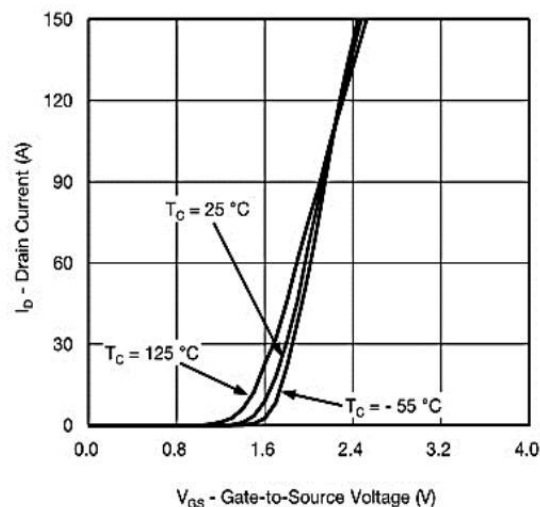
**Figure1: Output Characteristics**



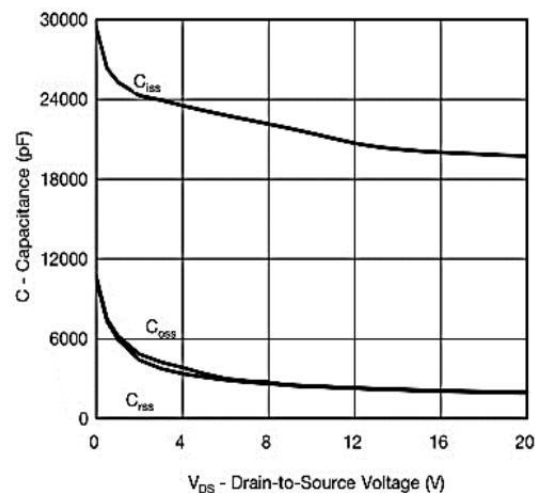
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current**



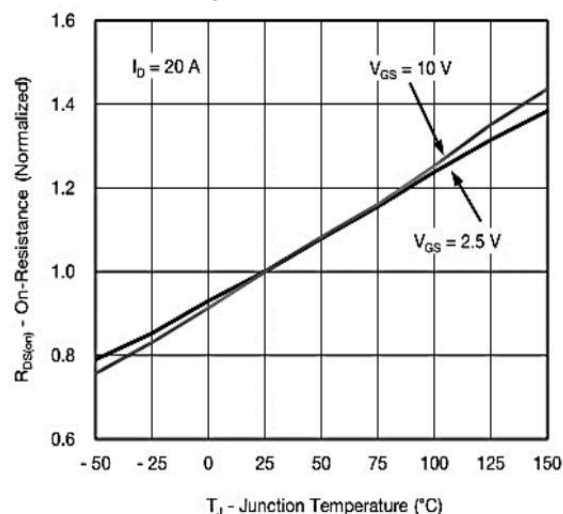
**Figure 5: Gate Charge**



**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**



**Figure 4: Capacitance**



**Figure 6: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

## Typical Characteristics

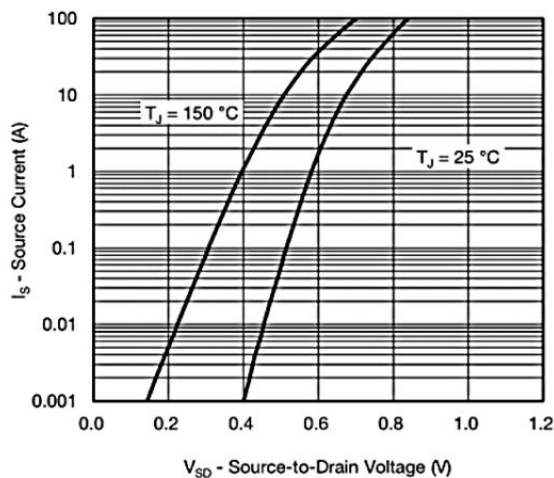


Figure 7: Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

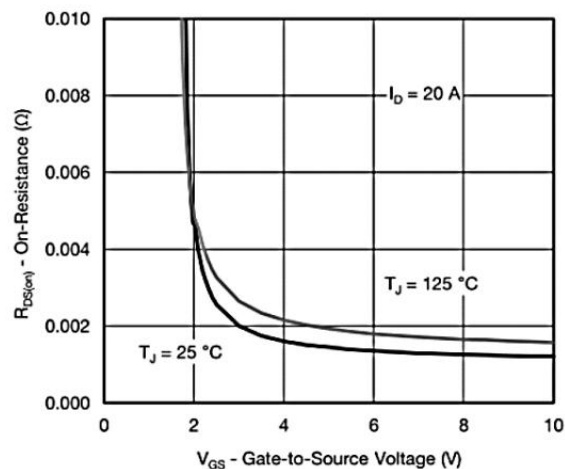


Figure 8: On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

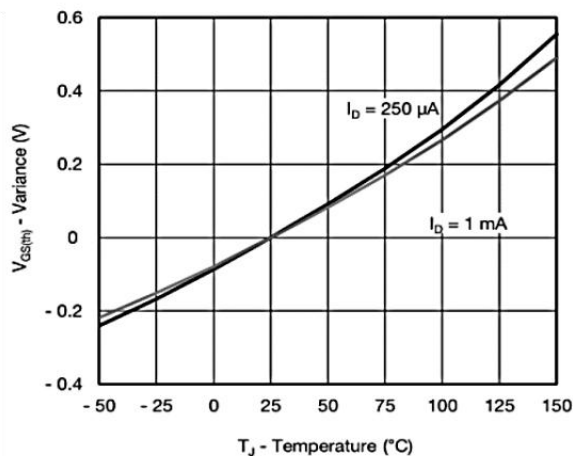


Figure 9: Maximum Safe Operating Area

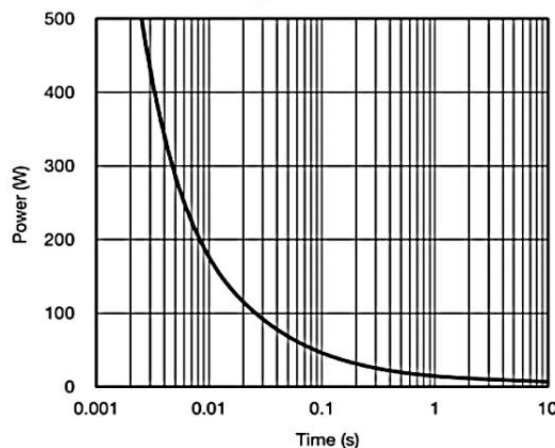


Figure 10: Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

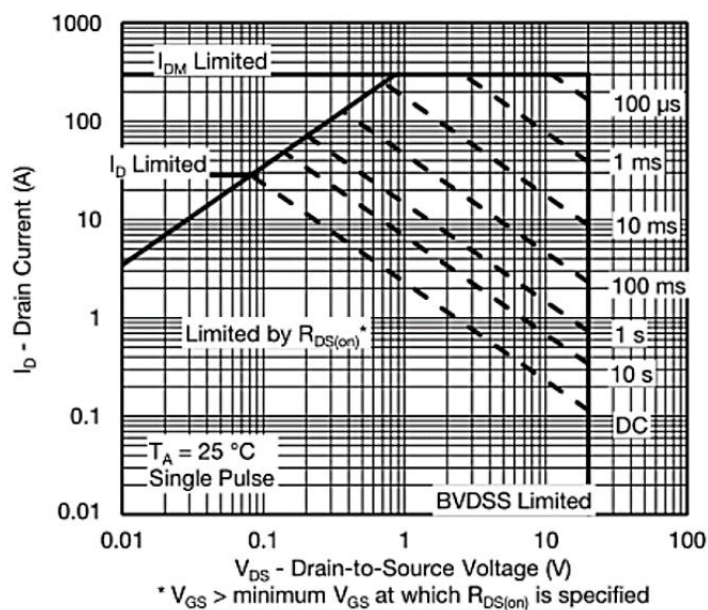
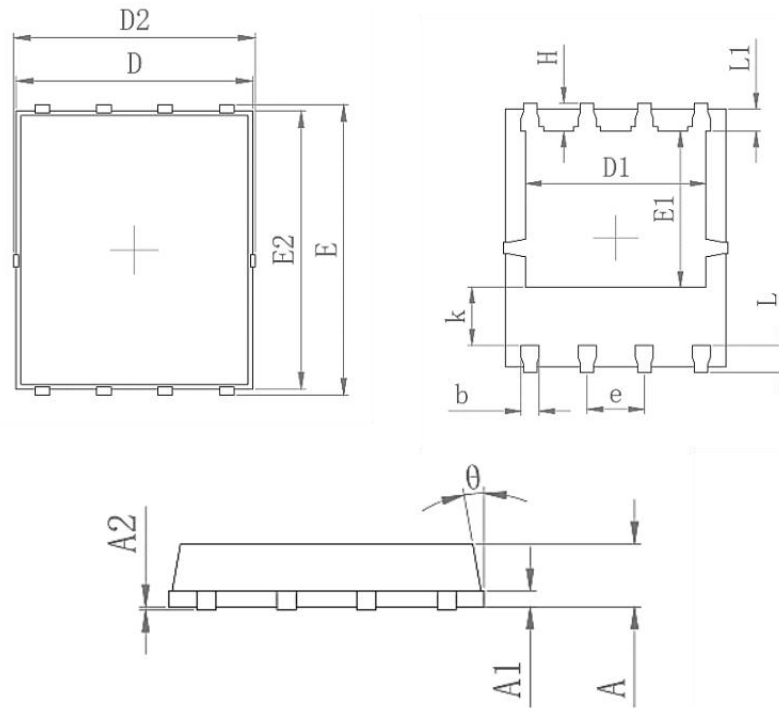


Figure 11: Safe Operating Area

## Package Mechanical Data-PDFN5X6-8L-XZT Single



| Symbol | Common    |       |
|--------|-----------|-------|
|        | mm        |       |
|        | Mim       | Max   |
| A      | 0.90      | 1.10  |
| A1     | 0.254 REF |       |
| A2     | 0-0.05    |       |
| D      | 4.824     | 4.976 |
| D1     | 3.910     | 4.110 |
| D2     | 4.944     | 5.076 |
| E      | 5.924     | 6.076 |
| E1     | 3.375     | 3.575 |
| E2     | 5.674     | 5.826 |
| b      | 0.350     | 0.450 |
| e      | 1.270     |       |
| L      | 0.534     | 0.686 |
| L1     | 0.424     | 0.576 |
| K      | 1.190     | 1.390 |
| H      | 0.549     | 0.701 |
| $\Phi$ | 8°        | 12°   |

## Package Marking and Ordering Information

| Product ID | Pack       | Marking | Qty(PCS) |
|------------|------------|---------|----------|
| TAPING     | PDFN5*6-8L |         | 5000     |