

## ■ DESCRIPTION

The 4468 is the N-Channel logic enhancement mode power field effect transistor is produced using high cell density advanced trench technology..

This high density process is especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage application, notebook computer power management and other battery powered circuits where high-side switching

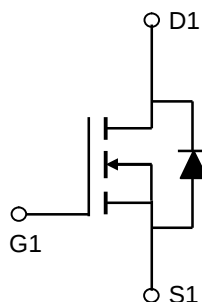
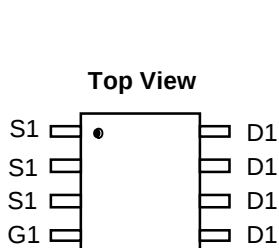
## ■ FEATURE

- ◆ **30V/10 A,  $R_{DS(ON)}=16m\Omega$  (typ.)@VGS=10V**
- ◆ **30V/10A,  $R_{DS(ON)}=20m\Omega$  (typ.)@VGS= 4.5V**
- ◆ Super high design for extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- ◆ Exceptional on-resistance and Maximum DC current capability
- ◆ Full RoHS compliance
- ◆ SOP8 package design
- ◆ 100% UIS Tested
- ◆ 100% Rg tested

## ■ APPLICATIONS

- ◆ Power Management
- ◆ Portable Equipment
- ◆ DC/DC Converter
- ◆ Load Switch
- ◆ DSC
- ◆ LCD Display inverter

## ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )

| Symbol          | Parameter                                            |                        | Typical         | Unit               |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| $V_{DSS}$       | Drain-Source Voltage                                 |                        | 30              | V                  |
| $V_{GSS}$       | Gate-Source Voltage                                  |                        | $\pm 20$        | V                  |
| $I_D$           | Continuous Drain Current ( $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ) | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$    | 10              | A                  |
| $I_{DM}$        | Pulsed Drain Current                                 |                        | 40              | A                  |
| $I_S$           | Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction)         |                        | 4.0             | A                  |
| $P_D$           | Power Dissipation                                    | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.8             | W                  |
|                 |                                                      | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.8             |                    |
| $T_J$           | Operation Junction Temperature                       |                        | 150             | $^\circ\text{C}$   |
| $T_{STG}$       | Storage Temperature Range                            |                        | $-55 \sim +150$ | $^\circ\text{C}$   |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient               |                        | 62.5            | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

**Note:** Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged.  
Absolute maximum ratings are stress rating only and functional device operation is not implied

■ **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol               | Parameter                       | Condition                                                                                                           | Min | Typ  | Max  | Unit |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Static Parameters    |                                 |                                                                                                                     |     |      |      |      |
| V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub> | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage  | V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 250uA                                                                         | 30  |      |      | V    |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub>  | Gate Threshold Voltage          | V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250uA                                                           | 1.0 |      | 2.0  | V    |
| I <sub>GSS</sub>     | Gate Leakage Current            | V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±20V                                                                          |     |      | ±100 | nA   |
| I <sub>DSS</sub>     | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | V <sub>DS</sub> = 24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0                                                                           |     |      | 1    | uA   |
|                      |                                 | V <sub>DS</sub> = 24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0<br>T <sub>J</sub> =85℃                                                    |     |      | 30   |      |
| R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>  | Drain-Source On-Resistance      | V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A                                                                        |     | 16   | 25   | mΩ   |
|                      |                                 | V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> = 8 A                                                                        |     | 20   | 30   |      |
| Source-Drain Diode   |                                 |                                                                                                                     |     |      |      |      |
| V <sub>SD</sub>      | Diode Forward Voltage           | I <sub>S</sub> = 2.0A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V                                                                          |     | 0.7  | 1.3  | V    |
| Dynamic Parameters   |                                 |                                                                                                                     |     |      |      |      |
| Q <sub>g</sub>       | Total Gate Charge               | V <sub>DS</sub> = 15V<br>V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V<br>I <sub>D</sub> = 9.0A                                             |     | 11.6 |      | nC   |
| Q <sub>gs</sub>      | Gate-Source Charge              |                                                                                                                     |     | 2.5  |      |      |
| Q <sub>gd</sub>      | Gate-Drain Charge               |                                                                                                                     |     | 3.9  |      |      |
| C <sub>iss</sub>     | Input Capacitance               | V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V<br>V <sub>GS</sub> =0V<br>f=1MHz                                                              |     | 770  |      | pF   |
| C <sub>oss</sub>     | Output Capacitance              |                                                                                                                     |     | 110  |      |      |
| C <sub>rss</sub>     | Reverse Transfer Capacitance    |                                                                                                                     |     | 90   |      |      |
| T <sub>d(on)</sub>   | Turn-On Time                    | V <sub>DS</sub> = 15V<br>R <sub>L</sub> =15Ω<br>I <sub>D</sub> = 1A<br>V <sub>GEN</sub> = 10V<br>R <sub>G</sub> =6Ω |     | 5    |      | nS   |
| T <sub>r</sub>       |                                 |                                                                                                                     |     | 3.5  |      |      |
| T <sub>d(off)</sub>  | Turn-Off Time                   |                                                                                                                     |     | 19   |      |      |
| T <sub>f</sub>       |                                 |                                                                                                                     |     | 3.5  |      |      |

Note: 1. Pulse test: pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

2. Static parameters are based on package level with recommended wire bonding

■ **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (25 °C Unless Note)

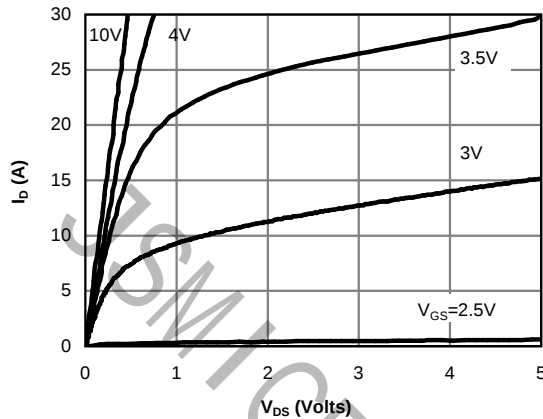


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

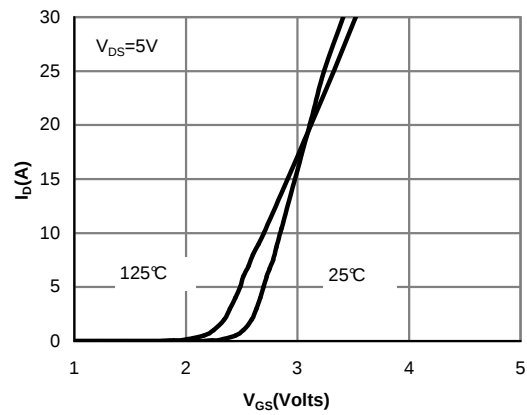


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

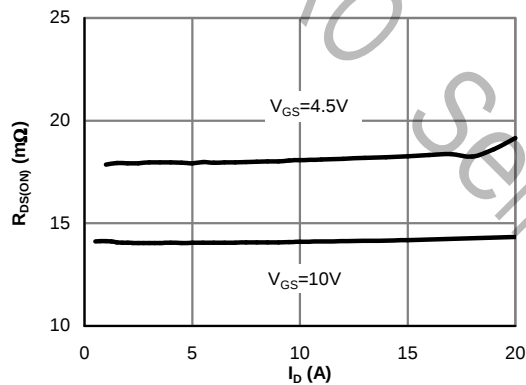


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

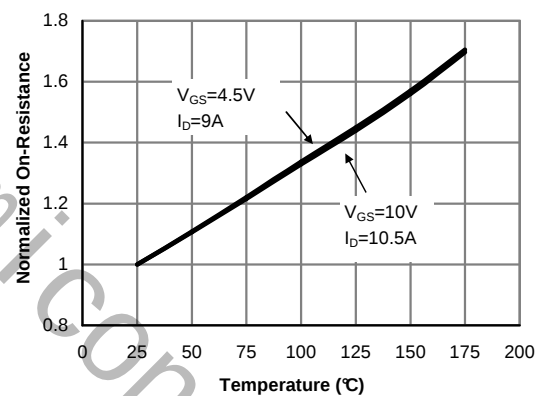


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

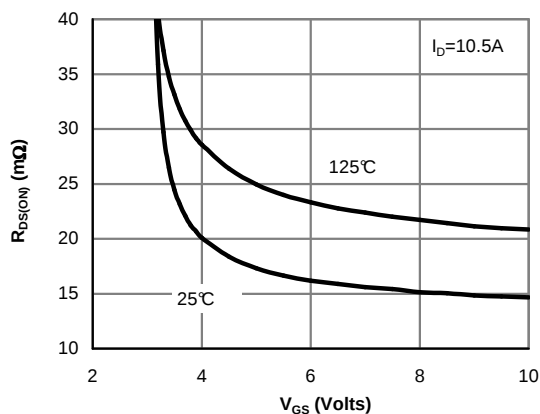


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

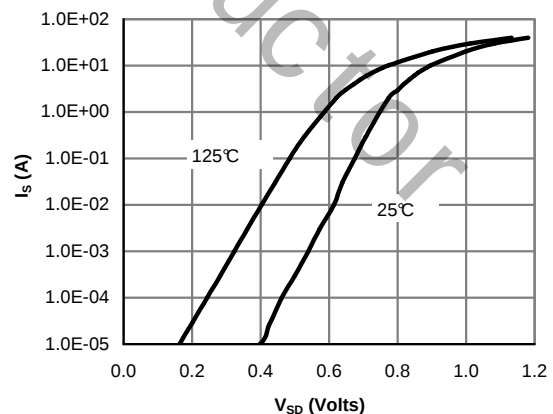


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continuous)

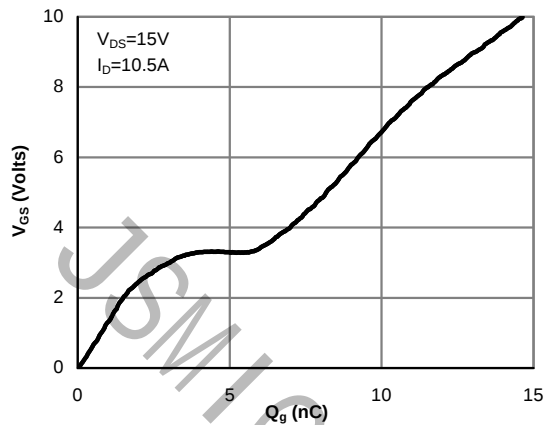


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

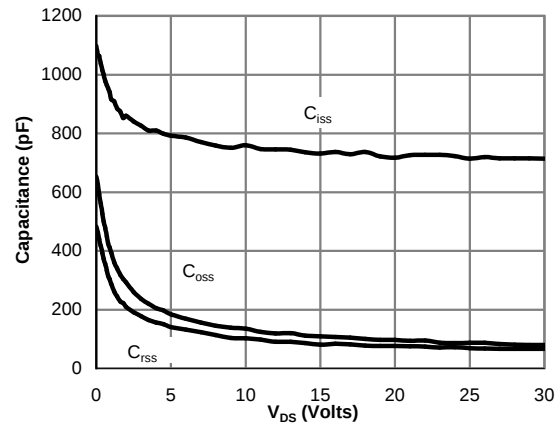


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

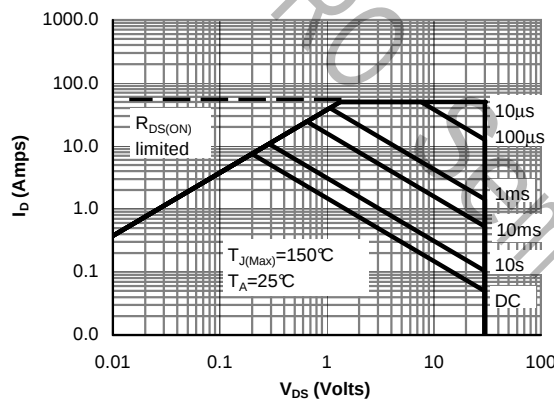


Figure 10: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

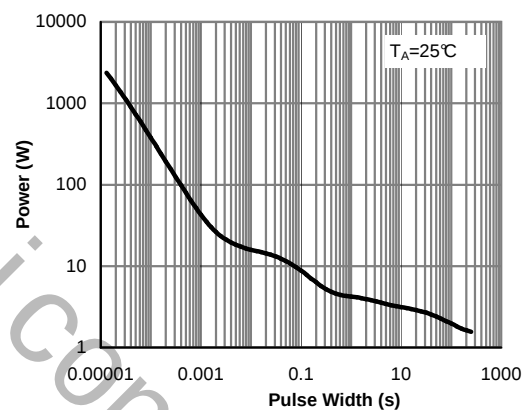


Figure 11: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

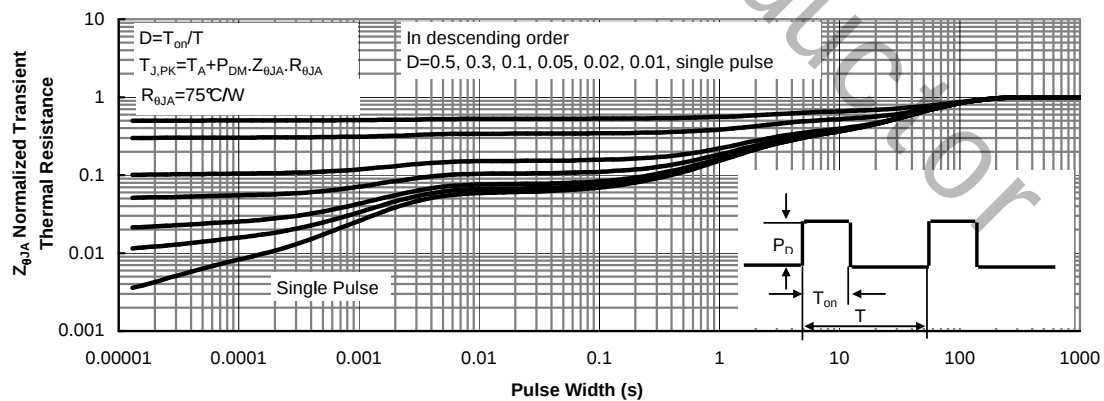
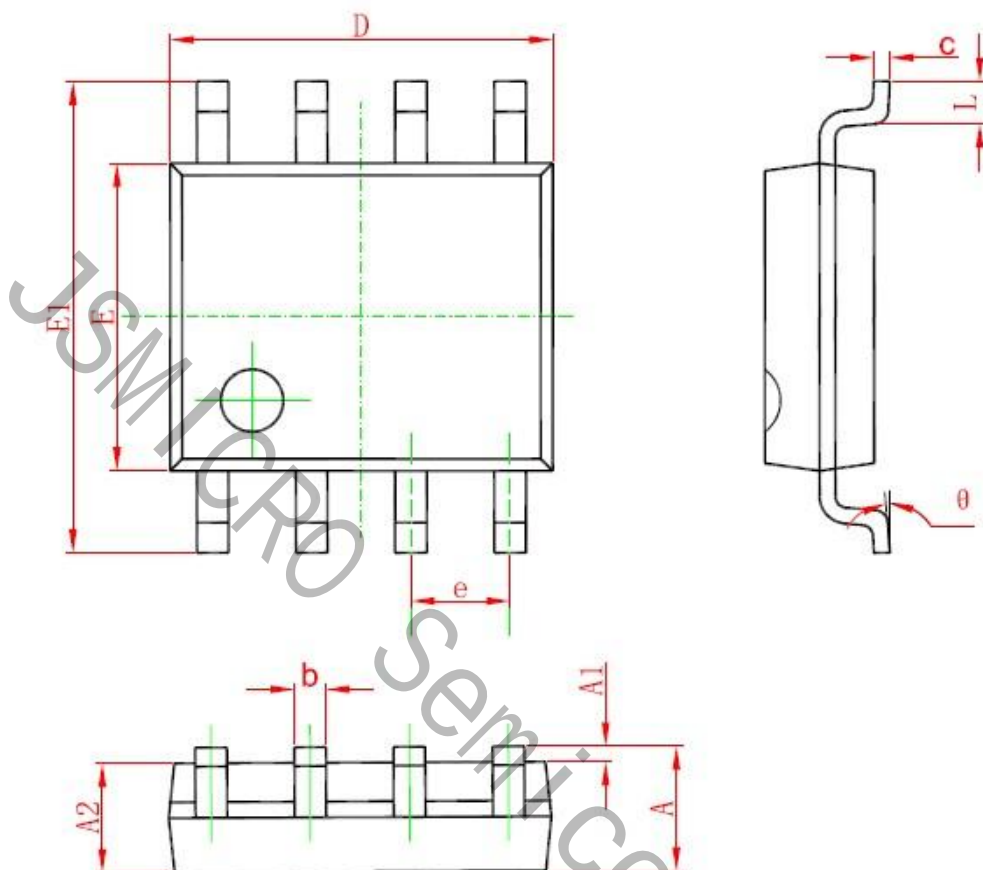


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

■ SOP8 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

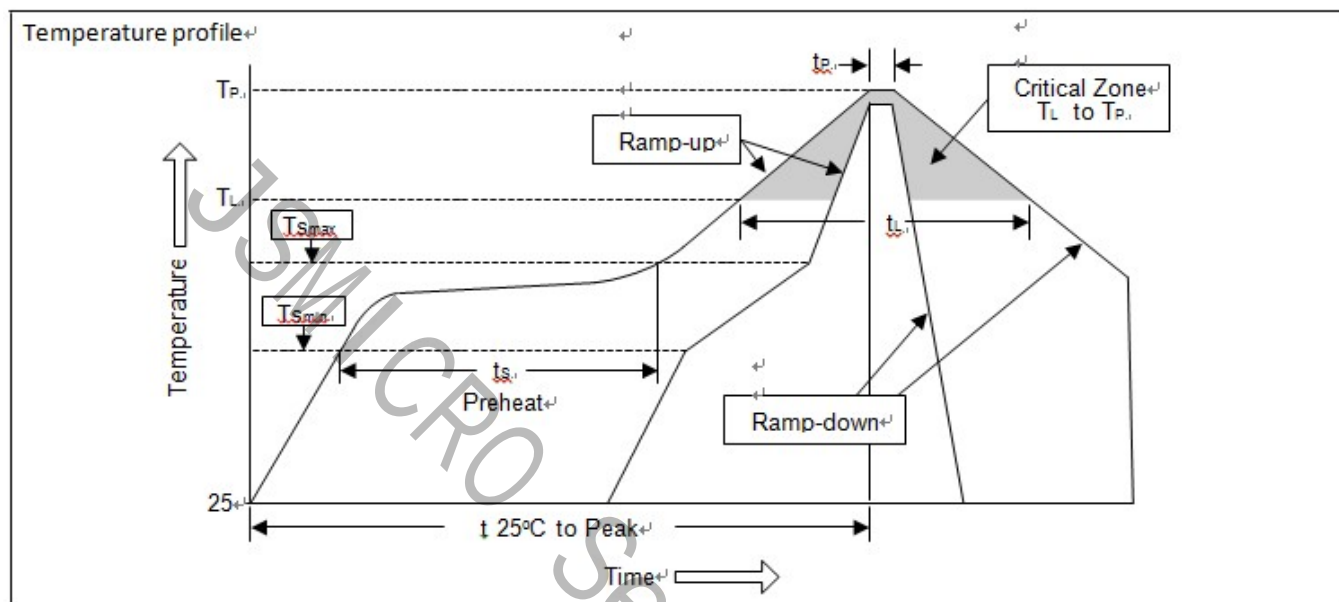


| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|        | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Max   |
| A      | 1.350                     | 1.750 | 0.053                | 0.069 |
| A1     | 0.100                     | 0.250 | 0.004                | 0.010 |
| A2     | 1.350                     | 1.550 | 0.053                | 0.061 |
| b      | 0.330                     | 0.510 | 0.013                | 0.020 |
| c      | 0.170                     | 0.250 | 0.006                | 0.010 |
| D      | 4.700                     | 5.100 | 0.185                | 0.200 |
| E      | 3.800                     | 4.000 | 0.150                | 0.157 |
| E1     | 5.800                     | 6.200 | 0.228                | 0.244 |
| e      | 1.270 (BSC)               |       | 0.050 (BSC)          |       |
| L      | 0.400                     | 1.270 | 0.016                | 0.050 |
| θ      | 0°                        | 8°    | 0°                   | 8°    |

## ■ SOLDERING METHODS FOR UNIVERCHIP

Storage environment Temperature=10°C~35°C Humidity=65%±15%

Reflow soldering of surface mount device



| Profile Feature                                      | Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly | Pb free Assembly |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Average ramp-up rate ( $T_L$ to $T_P$ )              | <3°C/sec                | <3°C/sec         |
| Preheat                                              |                         |                  |
| -Temperature Min ( $T_{Smin}$ )                      | 100°C                   | 150°C            |
| -Temperature Max ( $T_{Smax}$ )                      | 150°C                   | 200°C            |
| -Time (min to max) ( $t_s$ )                         | 60~120 sec              | 60~180 sec       |
| $T_{Smax}$ to $T_L$                                  |                         |                  |
| -Ramp-up Rate                                        | <3°C/sec                | <3°C/sec         |
| Time maintained above                                |                         |                  |
| -Temperature ( $T_L$ )                               | 183°C                   | 217°C            |
| -Time ( $t_L$ )                                      | 60~150 sec              | 60~150 sec       |
| Peak Temperature ( $T_P$ )                           | 240°C +0/-5°C           | 260°C +0/-5°C    |
| Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature ( $t_P$ ) | 10~30 sec               | 20~40 sec        |
| Ramp-down Rate                                       | <6°C/sec                | <6°C/sec         |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature                        | <6 minutes              | <6 minutes       |

Flow (wave) soldering (solder dipping)

| Product        | Peak Temperature | Dipping Time |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|
| Pb device      | 245°C±5°C        | 5sec±1sec    |
| Pb-Free device | 260°C+0/-5°C     | 5sec±1sec    |

JSMICRO Semiconductor